Go Fishin’ in Franklin County
Chambersburg Trout Derby
May 4-5, 2019
Area’s #1 Trout Derby
ExploreFranklinCountyPA.com
Facebook.com/FCVBen | Twitter.com/FCVB
866-646-8060 | 717-552-2977
Use the following contacts for answers to your questions or better yet, go online to the PFBC website (www.fishandboat.com) for a wealth of information about fishing and boating.

FOR MORE INFORMATION:

STATE HEADQUARTERS
1601 Elmerton Avenue
P.O. Box 67000
Harrisburg, PA 17106-7000
Phone: (717) 705-7800
Hours: 8:00 a.m. – 4:00 p.m.
Monday through Friday

CENTRE REGION OFFICE
595 East Rolling Ridge Drive
Bellefonte, PA 16823
Phone: (814) 359-5110
Hours: 8:00 a.m. – 4:00 p.m.
Monday through Friday

FISHING LICENSES:
Phone: (877) 707-4085

BOAT REGISTRATION/TITLING:
Phone: (866) 262-8734

PUBLICATIONS:
Phone: (717) 705-7835

PFBC WEBSITE:
www.fishandboat.com

www.fishandboat.com/socialmedia

REGION OFFICES: LAW ENFORCEMENT/EDUCATION

Contact Law Enforcement for information about regulations and fishing and boating opportunities. Contact Outreach & Education for information about fishing and boating programs and boating safety education.

NORTHWEST REGION
11528 State Highway 98, Meadville, PA 16335
Law Enforcement:
Outreach & Education:
(814) 337-0444 (814) 336-2426
Fax (814) 337-0579 Fax (814) 336-2426
Counties: Butler, Clarion, Crawford, Erie, Forest, Lawrence, Mercer, Venango, Warren

SOUTHWEST REGION
236 Lake Road, Somerset, PA 15501
Law Enforcement:
Outreach & Education:
(814) 445-8974 (814) 443-9841
Fax (814) 445-3497 Fax (814) 445-3497
Counties: Allegheny, Armstrong, Beaver, Cambria, Fayette, Greene, Indiana, Somerset, Washington, Westmoreland

NORTHCENTRAL REGION
595 East Rolling Ridge Drive
Bellefonte, PA 16823
Law Enforcement:
Outreach & Education:
(814) 359-5250 (814) 359-5126
Fax (814) 359-5254 Fax (814) 359-5153
Counties: Cameron, Centre, Clearfield, Clinton, Elk, Jefferson, Lycoming, McKean, Montour, Northumberland, Potter, Snyder, Tioga, Union
Office hours from 8:00 a.m. to 4:00 p.m., Monday through Friday

SOUTHCENTRAL REGION
1704 Pine Road, Newville, PA 17241
Law Enforcement:
Outreach & Education:
(717) 486-7087 (717) 486-7352
Fax (717) 486-8227 Fax (717) 486-8227
Counties: Adams, Bedford, Blair, Cumberland, Dauphin, Franklin, Fulton, Huntingdon, Juniata, Lebanon, Mifflin, Perry, York

NORTHEAST REGION
5566 Main Road, Sweet Valley, PA 18656
Law Enforcement:
Outreach & Education:
(570) 355-7978 (570) 355-7227
Fax (570) 355-9984 Fax (570) 355-9984

SOUTHEAST REGION
P.O. Box 9, Elm, PA 17521
Law Enforcement:
Outreach & Education:
(717) 626-0228 (215) 968-3631
Fax (570) 477-3221 Fax (570) 477-2621
Counties: Berks, Bucks, Chester, Delaware, Lancaster, Lehigh, Montgomery, Northampton, Philadelphia, Schuylkill

STATE FISH HATCHERIES

• BELLEFONTE* 1115 Spring Creek Road Bellefonte, PA 16823 (814) 355-3371
• CORRY* 13365 Route 6 Corry, PA 16407 (814) 684-2122
• FAIRVIEW 2000 Lohrer Road P.O. Box 531 Fairview, PA 16415 (814) 474-1514
• BENNER SPRING 1735 Shilt Road State College, PA 16801 (814) 355-4837
• HUNTSDALE* 195 Lebo Road Carlisle, PA 17013 (717) 486-3419
• LINESVILLE* 13300 Hartstown Road Linesville, PA 16424 (814) 683-4451
• OSWAYO* 96 State Route 244 East Coudersport, PA 16915 (814) 638-2102
• PLEASANT GAP 450 Robinson Lane Bellefonte, PA 16823 (814) 359-5132
• PLEASANT MOUNT* 229 Great Bend Turnpike Pleasant Mount, PA 18453 (570) 448-2101
• REYNOLDSDALE* 162 Fish Hatchery Road New Paris, PA 15554 (814) 839-2211
• TIONESTA* 172 Fish Hatchery Lane Tionesta, PA 16353 (814) 755-3224
• TYLERSVILLE 43 Hatchery Lane Loganton, PA 17747 (570) 725-3965
• UNION CITY 9450 Route 6 Union City, PA 16438 (814) 438-2222

* Includes visitor center. Visitors are welcome from 8:00 a.m. to 3:30 p.m. daily. Groups should make advance arrangements.

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TO FIND THE STOCKING DAY OF TROUT STREAMS AND LAKES NEAR YOU, VISIT WWW.FISHANDBOAT.COM.
**FISHING** is defined as the act of angling, or to catch, take, kill or remove, or the attempt to catch, take, kill or remove, from any waters or other areas within or bordering this Commonwealth any fish by any means or method for any purpose whatsoever. **CASTING and/or RETRIEVING**, whether by rod, reel and line, or by handle, for oneself or for others, requires a current license, unless specifically exempted by law. See “Assistance to Children” on page 8 for specifics on when a license is required when assisting a child (12 years of age and under).

**OBTAIN YOUR LICENSE:**
- a) at more than 900 license-issuing agents
- b) at county treasurers offices
- c) at Fish & Boat Commission offices

A lost fishing license or replacements — All replacement licenses include permits or privileges previously purchased by the customer. The total cost for a replacement license and previously purchased permits or privileges that were printed on the base license is $6.90. Replacement cost for 1-year permits or multi-year Senior trout/salmon permits is $6.90.

You qualify for a RESIDENT fishing license if you are a bona fide resident of Pennsylvania. When purchasing a resident fishing license, you must show positive proof of permanent residency by presenting one of the following documents:
- a) valid PA driver’s license
- b) a valid non-driver photo identification card
- c) a previous year’s PA state income tax return showing proof of payment of personal income tax as a resident of PA
- d) a previous year’s local earned income tax return showing paid to a PA municipality
- e) a current PA voter registration card.

All issued resident fishing licenses will remain valid for the year or years for which they are issued, regardless of whether the license holder is no longer a bona fide Pennsylvania resident.

**National Guard & Armed Forces Reserve licenses and Prisoner of War (POW) licenses** are available only at Pennsylvania Fish & Boat Commission and county treasurer offices.

**National Guard & Armed Forces Reserve licenses** are available to those persons who provide documentation that within the previous 24 months the person was deployed overseas as a member of the reserve component of the armed forces for a period of 60 consecutive days or more or was released early from service because of an injury or disease incurred in the line of duty.

**Prisoner of War (POW) licenses** are available to persons who provide military documentation stating the person is a former prisoner of war.

**Senior resident and senior lifetime licenses** are available to all persons at anytime during the year in which they will become age 65.

- Persons who possess a SENIOR RESIDENT LIFETIME license dated before Jan. 1, 1991, are not required to purchase a trout/salmon permit. However, a Senior Resident Lifetime license holder who purchased a trout/salmon permit or a Combination trout/Lake Erie permit before Jan. 1, 2015, remains exempt from the requirement to purchase a trout/salmon permit annually.

**SENIOR RESIDENT LIFETIME** license holders who purchase their license as of Jan. 1, 2015, are required to purchase a trout/salmon permit each year that the license holder desires to fish for trout. License holders can purchase the trout/salmon permit annually or purchase the permit for a 3-, 5-, or 10-year period. License holders are required to purchase only one Lake Erie permit for a lifetime. In the event the license holder is no longer a Pennsylvania resident, the license continues to be valid.

**Disabled Veterans Licenses** — Any disabled veteran who has a disability incurred in any war or armed conflict that consists of the loss of one or more limbs or the loss of use of one or more limbs, or total blindness, or who is 100 percent disabled as certified by the United States Veterans Administration and is a resident of this Commonwealth may obtain a free resident fishing license upon application to the Commission or county treasurer.

**Reduced Disabled Veterans Licenses** — Any disabled veteran who has a disability incurred in any war or armed conflict who is between 60 and 99 percent disabled as certified by the United States Veterans Administration and is a resident of this Commonwealth may obtain a reduced fee resident fishing license upon application to the Fish & Boat Commission or county treasurer.

**Military personnel** are required to purchase a fishing license. Those who are stationed in Pennsylvania under permanent change of station orders (PCS) for a duration of 6 months or more, who produce documentation proving the same, qualify for a resident fishing license. All others must obtain a tourist or non-resident license.

Certain active duty military personnel are exempt from Pennsylvania’s fishing license requirement. To be eligible for the military waiver, an angler must be a bona fide Pennsylvania resident, be on active duty, be stationed outside Pennsylvania and be here on authorized leave. While in the act of fishing, the military personnel must carry proof of each of these requirements, such as a PA driver’s license, a military ID and valid military orders showing the place of assignment and leave status.

Under the law, a qualifying soldier, sailor, airman or Marine does not receive a free Pennsylvania fishing license. Instead, eligible active duty military personnel can legally fish without a license under the limited circumstances outlined in the law. The Pennsylvania Fish & Boat Commission recommends that anyone taking advantage of this provision display a military ID while in the act of fishing in much the same way as one would display a conventional fishing license.

The law does not exempt military personnel on leave from any other requirements of fishing or boating laws and regulations.

**Students from out of state** who are attending school in Pennsylvania but who have not become residents of Pennsylvania are not eligible to purchase a resident fishing license and must obtain a tourist or non-resident license.

**Social Security Number requirements** — Since 1998, federal and state laws require purchasers of a Pennsylvania fishing license to provide their Social Security Number when applying to purchase a fishing license.

**Vouchers** - A voucher may be purchased as a gift for another individual that can be redeemed for a license and/or stamp or privilege. A voucher may be redeemed at any issuing agent. The voucher is non-refundable and expires as noted. A voucher is not a fishing license and individuals using a voucher to fish are in violation of the Fish and Boating Code and may be subject to legal action. Individuals wishing to purchase vouchers for Christmas presents need to wait until December 1 of that year before purchasing a voucher.

**1-Day Tourist and 1-Day Resident licenses** - 1-Day Tourist and 1-Day Resident licenses are not valid for fishing during the period from March 15th to April 30th of any year. 1-Day Tourist or 1-Day Resident licenses issued to be used on March 14 will expire at 11:59 p.m. on March 14, regardless of what time the license begins.

**SENIOR RESIDENT LIFETIME LICENSE UPGRADE**

A durable plastic card version of the Senior Resident Lifetime license is available. This upgrade is available for $11.90. Upgrades can also be purchased through issuing agents.

**TROUT/SALMON PERMIT**

A current Pennsylvania trout/salmon permit is required to fish for trout or salmon in Pennsylvania waters. Permits are printed on the license. An angler “fishes for trout or salmon” when he or she:
- Takes, kills or possesses, while in the act of fishing, a trout or salmon from any PA or boundary waters.
- Fishes in waters under special trout/salmon regulations.
- Fishes in any Class A Wild Trout Waters or Wildness Trout Streams or their tributaries.
- Fishes in streams and rivers designated as stocked trout waters on March 1 through May 31.

**FISHING LICENSES**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Type of Fishing License or Permit</th>
<th>Age</th>
<th>Cost</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>101</td>
<td>Resident (Annual)</td>
<td>16 &amp; up</td>
<td>$22.90</td>
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<tr>
<td>104</td>
<td>Senior Resident (Annual)</td>
<td>65 &amp; up</td>
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<tr>
<td>105</td>
<td>Senior Resident (Lifetime)</td>
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<td>$51.90</td>
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<tr>
<td>108</td>
<td>1-Day Resident (not valid March 15–April 30)</td>
<td>16 &amp; up</td>
<td>$11.90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>102</td>
<td>Non-Resident (Annual)</td>
<td>16 &amp; up</td>
<td>$22.90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>106</td>
<td>1-Day Tourist <strong>(not valid March 15–April 30)</strong></td>
<td>16 &amp; up</td>
<td>$26.90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>103</td>
<td>3-Day Tourist</td>
<td>16 &amp; up</td>
<td>$26.90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>107</td>
<td>7-Day Tourist</td>
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<td>$0.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>109</td>
<td>Mentored Youth Permit</td>
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<td>$0.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>150</td>
<td>Trout-Salmon Permit</td>
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<td>$9.90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>140</td>
<td>1-Year Trout/Salmon Permit ***</td>
<td>16 &amp; up</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>143</td>
<td>3-Year Senior Lifetime Trout-Salmon Permit</td>
<td>65 &amp; up</td>
<td>$25.90</td>
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<tr>
<td>145</td>
<td>5-Year Senior Lifetime Trout-Salmon Permit</td>
<td>65 &amp; up</td>
<td>$41.90</td>
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<td>151</td>
<td>Lake Erie Permit</td>
<td>16 &amp; up</td>
<td>$9.90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>152</td>
<td>Combination Trout/Salmon/Lake Erie Permit</td>
<td>16 &amp; up</td>
<td>$15.90</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Includes issuing agent fee of $5.00 and $10.00 electronic processing fee. Includes the 120 Mentored Youth Permit.
**Includes Trout-Salmon and Lake Erie permits, not valid March 15–April 30.
*** Applies to Senior Lifetime purchased on or after 1/1/2015 or may also be purchased as a trout program donation.

*Includes Trout-Salmon and Lake Erie permits, not valid March 15–April 30. ** Applies to Senior Lifetime purchased on or after 1/1/2015 or may also be purchased as a trout program donation.

**LICENSES, PRICING, PROOF OF RESIDENCY**

- **a)** a previous year’s PA state income tax return
- **b)** a valid non-driver photo identification card
- **c)** at Fish & Boat Commission offices
- **e)** a current PA voter registration card.

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MULTI-YEAR FISHING LICENSES: A 3-year fishing license is valid through 2021, a 5-year fishing license is valid through 2023, and a 10-year fishing license is valid through 2026. Customers who buy multi-year licenses save money by not having to pay transaction and processing fees each year. Anglers can also purchase multi-year trout/salmon, Lake Erie and combo permits and experience similar savings by purchasing a single year permit. Trout/salmon, Lake Erie and combo permits. To order and for more information on multi-year licenses and permits, including receiving a free subscription to the digital version of Pennsylvania Angler & Boater magazine: www.GoneFishingPa.com.

MULTI-YEAR LICENSE UPGRADE CARDS: Anglers can purchase a durable plastic card version of the multi-year license. This upgrade is available for $11.90. Upgrades can also be purchased through either the PFBC Outdoor Shop (www.pa.wildlifelicense.com) or from a license issuing agent.

VOLUNTARY YOUTH FISHING LICENSE

To participate in a Mentored Youth Fishing Day, anglers 16 years of age or older (adult anglers) must possess a valid Pennsylvania fishing license and be accompanied by a youth (less than 16 years of age) who has obtained a Mentored Youth Permit OR a for the future of fishing!

NEW VOLUNTARY PERMITS

Voluntary Permits are designed to help maintain funding levels for several key fishing-related programs. Revenues generated from the sale of these permits will be reinvested into the Habitat/Waterways Conservation, Musky, Wild Trout & Enhanced Waters or Bass programs. The Wild Trout & Enhanced Waters Permit does not meet the requirement to fish for trout or salmon in Pennsylvania waters.

Purchase fishing licenses, trout stamps, subscriptions, launch permits and more! www.GoneFishingPa.com
PROTECTING places like this for generations, THANKS TO YOU!

The Western Pennsylvania Conservancy improves our region’s quality of life by conserving and restoring land, water and wildlife, planting gardens, trees and green spaces in 20 counties, and preserving Frank Lloyd Wright’s Fallingwater. Our work helps anglers enjoy the hobby they love.

Become a member today at WaterLandLife.org.

CLOSE TO HOME but far from ordinary

EXPERIENCE OHIO’S FISHING BOUNTY
We have some of the best walleye, perch, and bass fishing to be found anywhere. Visit Ohio to catch your next great memory!

For more information, visit wildohio.gov/experiencefishohio

WE FISH.
WE CLEAN LOCAL WATERS SO FAMILIES LIKE US CAN FISH AND SWIM.
WE PROVIDE FISHING AND WATER SAFETY EDUCATION TO KIDS.
AND WE MAINTAIN A HEALTHY FISH POPULATION SO TOMORROW’S ANGLERS CAN ENJOY A CATCH.
ALL BECAUSE WE BUY A FISHING LICENSE.

When you buy a fishing license, you do a lot. It helps every angler this a viable pastime protected and maintains a healthy fish population for future procrastinators to enjoy. Learn more at TakeMeFishing.org.

Visit www.fishinpa.com for an online version of the 2019 Pennsylvania Fishing Summary

FISH in PA

Fly Fishing Show
Lancaster, PA
March 9-10, 2019
Lancaster County Convention Center
www.flyfischingshow.com

REEL IN YOUR BIGGEST ADVENTURE YET IN THE POCONOS.

Visit www.fishinpa.com for an online version of the 2019 Pennsylvania Fishing Summary
CALLING ALL PENNSYLVANIA ANGLERS!

We need your help. Pennsylvania is home to two giant salamanders, the Eastern Hellbender and the Common Mudpuppy. Both species are regularly found by anglers, often caught accidentally on fishing hooks or in minnow traps. Anglers have a great opportunity to help herpetologists figure out the distribution and status of these species by simply taking a picture of any specimens encountered and e-mailing the picture, date, time, and location of the observation to info@machac.org.

The Common Mudpuppy is found in the Ohio River and Lake Erie Drainages, in the western third of Pennsylvania. Mudpuppies have large, feathery gills on either side of the head. Adults grow to 19 inches in length.

The Eastern Hellbender was historically found in the Susquehanna and Ohio Drainages, covering two thirds of Pennsylvania. Hellbenders do not have external gills as adults and look wrinkled due to skin folds used for respiration. Adults grow to 29 inches in length.

PLEASE SUBMIT ALL SIGHTINGS WITH A PICTURE, DATE, TIME, AND LOCATION TO info@machac.org
GENERAL REGULATIONS, TACKLE AND BAIT

GENERAL FISHING REGULATIONS

NURSERY WATERS are closed to fishing at all times.

REFUGE AREAS on streams are CLOSED TO ALL ENTRY AND FISHING during the period March 1 through June 14.

FIELD DRESSING AND DISPOSAL OF FISH – It is unlawful to possess a fish in any form or condition other than in the whole or having the entrails removed while on shore, along the waters of the Commonwealth, onboard a boat or on a dock, pier, launch area or parking lot adjacent thereto. Fish may be processed fully if they are being prepared for immediate consumption on site. This does not apply to fish processed at a fish cleaning station officially recognized by the Commission or by a permitted charter boat/fishing guide operation.

It is unlawful to discard any fish carcass or parts thereof into the waters of the Commonwealth or upon any public or private lands contiguous to the waters unless disposal is on lands with permission from the landowner or it is where fish are properly disposed into suitable garbage or refuse collection systems or at an officially recognized fish cleaning station.

TAGGED FISH – The Pennsylvania Fish & Boat Commission and agencies in adjacent states apply tags to fish for special research purposes. If an angler catches a tagged fish and wishes to keep the fish, the tag number and location of the catch should be reported to the address or phone number on the tag or to the Fish & Boat Commission. If the angler doesn’t wish to keep the fish, no attempt should be made to remove the tag unless special instructions have been posted at access areas, by the media or elsewhere. For example, sometimes the Pennsylvania Fish & Boat Commission uses two-part tags and parts of or all of the tags should be removed in some cases with scissors or a knife. This type of tag typically resembles rubber spaghetti, and information such as tag numbers and toll-free phone numbers can be easily read. Tagged fish that are not kept should be returned to the water immediately after removing the tag or recording the information from the tag. In no case should tags be pulled from a fish as this will cause significant injuries.

It is unlawful for a person to implant tracking devices in or to tag, brand, mark or fin clip any fish taken from Commonwealth waters, unless the fish are purchased from an authorized commercial aquaculture facility, are part of a Commission-recognized and sanctioned stocking by a cooperative nursery, are authorized by the Commonwealth waters, unless the fish are purchased from an authorized commercial aquaculture facility, are part of a Commission-recognized and sanctioned stocking by a cooperative nursery, are authorized by a scientific collector’s permit issued by the Commission, are part of a tagged fish contest in a boundary lake for which the Commission has issued a permit or are part of a Commission-partnered tagged fish contest.

TACKLE AND EQUIPMENT

RODS, LINES AND HOOKS. An angler may use a maximum of three lines fished either by rod or hand when fishing for gamefish, baitfish or both. An exception to this rule exists for those fishing through ice in winter (see Ice Fishing Equipment below). On open water (not covered by ice), it is unlawful for a person to fish with more than three fishing rods at a time. There is no restriction on the number of hooks used on each fishing line. All rods, lines and hooks shall be under the immediate control of the person using them.

SNAGGING HOOKS may not be used or possessed while in the act of fishing. A snagging hook is a device designed or modified to facilitate the snagging of fish and may be a hook with a single barb, weighted on a shank below the eye and above the barbs; or a hook otherwise designed or modified to make the snagging of fish more likely than it would be with a normal hook.

ICE FISHING EQUIPMENT. It is unlawful while ice fishing to use more than five fishing devices, which may consist of rods, hand lines, tip-ups or any combination. Each device shall contain a single fishing line with no restriction on the number of hooks used for fishing, except when fishing in the Pymatuning Reservoir where no more than three hooks shall be attached to each line. Holes cut in ice may not exceed 10 inches between the farthest points as measured in any direction. All lines, rods or tip-ups shall be under the immediate control of the person using them. On Pennsylvania Fish & Boat Commission lakes, shelters or shanties must be removed when through fishing for the day.

GAFF OR LANDING NET. A gaff or landing net is permitted to assist in landing fish caught using a lawful device. Nets of all types can be no larger (excluding the handle) than 4 feet square or 4 feet in diameter. It is unlawful to use any type of net or seine to catch or take gamefish.

SPEARs OR GIGS. Spears or gigs may be used to take ONLY carp, suckers and catfish. Spears or gigs may not be mechanically propelled, may not have more than five barbed points and may not be used in stocked trout waters.

BOW AND ARROW (including compound bows and crossbows) may be used for taking ONLY carp, suckers and catfish on all Commonwealth waters, day or night, except in stocked trout waters during the closed season and in special regulation waters.

ASSISTANCE TO CHILDREN

An adult who assists a child (12 years of age and under) by casting or retrieving a fishing line or fishing rod is not required to possess a valid fishing license provided that the child remains within arms’ reach of the assisting adult and is actively involved in the fishing activity. An adult may assist a child by baiting hooks, removing fish from the line, netting fish, preparing the fishing rod for use and untangling the line without possessing a valid fishing license. An adult is required to possess a fishing license if they intend to set the hook for the child. An adult may not fish or set the hook for their child in a designated Children/Special Population Area.

BAIT

BAITFISH includes all forms of minnows; suckers, chubs, Fallfish, lampreys; Gizzard Shad 8 inches or less; and all forms of darters, killifish and stonecats (except those listed as threatened or endangered species). Legally taken gamefish may be used as bait. It is unlawful to use or possess goldfish, comets, koi and Common Carp as baitfish while fishing.

FISHBAIT includes crayfish, crabs, and the nymphs, larvae and pupae of all insects spending any part of their life cycle in the water.

For all crayfish species, the head must be immediately removed behind the eyes upon capture unless used as bait in the water from which taken.

SEASON, SIZE, LIMIT: No closed season (except as noted below) and no minimum size. The daily limit and possession limit is 50 combined species. When purchasing bait, be sure to obtain and keep the sales slip or receipt. The receipt authorizes the possession of the fishbait or baits purchased for a period of 15 days after its date of issue. Fishbait or baits purchased from a licensed dealer do not have a possession limit and do not count toward your daily limit of fishbait and fishbait taken from Commonwealth waters. Stocked trout waters are closed for taking fishbait and fishbait from March 1 to the opening day of trout season. Most specially regulated trout waters are closed to taking fishbait and baits at all times.

TAKING AND KEEPING BAIT is permitted using rod and reel or handline, dip net or minnow seine not over 4 feet square or in diameter, or a minnow trap with no more than two openings that shall not exceed 1 inch in diameter. All devices must be under the immediate control of the person using them. Unattended minnow traps or fishbait containers left in Commonwealth waters must be identified with the owner’s or user’s name, address and telephone number. If fishing in a group and the total number of fishbait or baits taken exceeds the possession limit (50), separate containers must be provided for the fishbait and baits. Total possession limit in any one container may not exceed 50 fishbait or fishbait combined.

MUGBUGS (dragonfly nymphs): No daily limit from lakes, ponds, swamps or adjacent areas; the daily limit from rivers and streams is 50.

FROGS AS BAIT: Except for those listed as endangered or threatened or those with zero possession limit, frogs may be used as bait. Certain seasons and possession limits apply.

Releasing fish from another state, province or country into Commonwealth waters is illegal without written permission from the Commission. Transferring fish from one Pennsylvania watershed to another where that species is not always present is also illegal without written consent from the Commission.
• To sell, offer for sale, purchase or barter any fish parts or fish eggs obtained from fish taken from waters of this Commonwealth including boundary waters. This prohibition does not apply to fish parts or fish eggs (1) lawfully taken or sold or offered for sale by holders of Lake Erie commercial fishing licenses if the particular species of fish is authorized for taking by commercial licensees, or (2) those obtained from fish taken lawfully from waters outside of this Commonwealth.

• To release any species of fish, except those listed as approved by the Pennsylvania Fish & Boat Commission, in Commonwealth waters without written permission from the executive director of the Pennsylvania Fish & Boat Commission.

• To place an obstruction in any waterway that blocks the free movement of fish.
• To use or have in possession while on or along Commonwealth waters, nets larger than 4 feet square or in diameter except with a special permit issued by the Pennsylvania Fish & Boat Commission.

• To conduct an organized fishing tournament in which there are 10 or more participants without a permit issued by the Commission. Applications must be submitted 60 days before the date of the proposed tournament. Fishing tournaments may not be conducted for a species of fish during the closed season for that species. Unless a special exemption is granted, fishing tournaments may not be conducted on the opening day of the season for any species of gamefish. Contact the nearest region office (page 3) for further information and permit applications. Applications are also available online: www.fishandboat.com.

• To conduct an organized fishing tournament and fail to submit an accurate fishing tournament catch report when required.

• To conduct a tagged fishing tournament in boundary waters without a permit issued by the Pennsylvania Fish & Boat Commission.

• To throw, leave, discard or deposit litter, debris or trash of any kind in or along waters or lands adjacent to or contiguous to waters of the Commonwealth.

• To obstruct the ingress, egress or regress to a person’s property, cattleways or fields.

• To dig in or drive upon any lands.

• To cut or damage trees or shrubs.

• To build or tend open fires without permission.

• To run any vehicle, except fording in the most direct manner, in any stream.

• To interfere with officers authorized to enforce the Fish and Boat Code in the performance of their duties or to refuse to accompany any officer after having been arrested for a violation of the Fish and Boat Code.

• To possess, to introduce or import, transport, sell, purchase, offer for sale or barter the following live species in the Commonwealth: snakehead (all species), Black Carp, Bighead Carp, Silver Carp, Zebra Mussel, Quagga Mussel, European Rudd, Ruffe, Rusty Crayfish, Round Goby and Tubenose Goby.

• To fish with more than three fishing lines at any time when fishing for gamefish, baitfish or both.

• To fish (includes taking baitfish and fishbait) from March 1 to 8:00 a.m. on the opening day of trout season in any stocked trout water. Excepted are certain specially regulated waters and Stocked Trout Waters Open to Year-round Fishing.

• To take or attempt to take fish, or keep fish accidentally caught, by snatch-fishing, foul hooking or snag fishing. Handfishing is not permitted.

• To catch, kill or possess more than one day’s limit of any fish, except: (a) at your residence and (b) you may possess two days’ limit while traveling to your residence from an overnight fishing trip of two or more consecutive days.

• To have on a stringer or in a container or otherwise in possession, while in or along waters of the Commonwealth or immediately returning therefrom, more than the daily creel limit of any fish for one person.

• To fail to immediately return unharmed to the waters from which it was taken, any fish caught out of season, or undersize, or over the daily creel limit.

• Any fish placed on a stringer, in any container or otherwise in possession, while in or along waters of the Commonwealth, immediately returning therefrom, more than the daily creel limit of any fish for one person.

• To fail to immediately return unharmed to the waters from which it was taken, any fish caught out of season, or undersize, or over the daily creel limit.

• The person having caught it, and the person to whom given away, counts toward the possession limit of any fish, except: (a) at your residence and (b) you may possess two days’ limit while traveling to your residence from an overnight fishing trip of two or more consecutive days.

• To sell baitfish or fishbait taken from waters of the Commonwealth, except that licensed and authorized commercial fishermen may take and sell baitfish from Lake Erie and Presque Isle Bay.

• To sell baitfish or fishbait within the Commonwealth, or transport same out of the state, except by authorized and licensed commercial bait dealers.

• To sell any species of fish, reptile (with the exception of Snapping Turtles) or amphibian taken from the Commonwealth.
### ALL FISH SPECIES—INLAND WATERS

**(includes the Youghiogheny River Lake and does not include special regulation areas.)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Seasons</th>
<th>Minimum Size</th>
<th>Daily Limit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>ALL SPECIES OF TROUT AND SALMON</strong></td>
<td><strong>Regional Opening Day of Trout Season</strong> - March 30 at 8 a.m. through Sept. 2 (only 18 southeastern PA counties)</td>
<td>7 inches</td>
<td>5-streams, lakes and ponds (combined species)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Regular Season</strong> - April 13 at 8 a.m. through Sept. 2</td>
<td>7 inches</td>
<td>5-streams, lakes and ponds (combined species)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Extended Season: Stocked trout waters and all waters downstream of stocked trout waters. Jan. 1 through Feb. 28 and Sept. 3 through Dec. 31</strong></td>
<td>7 inches</td>
<td>3 (combined species)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>BASS-LAKES</strong></td>
<td><strong>Jan. 1 through April 12 and Nov. 1 through Dec. 31</strong></td>
<td>15 inches</td>
<td>4 (combined species)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Largemouth, Smallmouth and Spotted</td>
<td><strong>April 13 through June 14</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>BASS-RIVERS AND STREAMS</strong></td>
<td><strong>Jan. 1 through April 12 and Oct. 1 through Dec. 31</strong></td>
<td>15 inches</td>
<td>4 (combined species)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Largemouth, Smallmouth and Spotted</td>
<td><strong>April 13 through June 14</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Muskellunge and Tiger Muskellunge</strong></td>
<td><strong>Open year-round</strong></td>
<td>12 inches</td>
<td>6 (combined species)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Pickerel</strong></td>
<td><strong>Open year-round</strong></td>
<td>18 inches</td>
<td>4 (combined species)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Northern Pike</strong></td>
<td><strong>Open year-round</strong></td>
<td>24 inches</td>
<td>2 (combined species)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Walleye and Saugeye (Hybrids)</strong></td>
<td><strong>Jan. 1 through March 14 and May 4 through Dec. 31</strong></td>
<td>15 inches</td>
<td>6 (combined species)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Sauger</strong></td>
<td><strong>Jan. 1 through March 14 and May 4 through Dec. 31</strong></td>
<td>12 inches</td>
<td>6 (combined species)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>American Shad</strong>*</td>
<td><strong>Open year-round</strong></td>
<td>No minimum</td>
<td>3 (combined species)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>American Shad River Herring</strong></td>
<td><strong>Open year-round - Lehigh River, Schuylkill River</strong>** and tributaries**</td>
<td>NO HARVEST - Catch and immediate release only</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Hickory Shad</strong>*</td>
<td><strong>Open year-round</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Herring, Gizzard Shad</strong></td>
<td><strong>Open year-round</strong></td>
<td>No minimum</td>
<td>50 (combined species)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>American Eel</strong></td>
<td><strong>Open year-round</strong></td>
<td>9 inches</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Striped Bass and Striped Bass/ White Bass Hybrids</strong></td>
<td><strong>Open year-round</strong></td>
<td>20 inches</td>
<td>2 (combined species)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Sunfish, Yellow Perch, White Perch, Crappies, Catfish, Rock Bass, Suckers, Carp, White Bass, Bowfin and other gamefish not otherwise listed</strong></td>
<td><strong>Open year-round</strong></td>
<td>No minimum</td>
<td>50 (combined species)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Baitfish/Bait</strong> (except Mudbugs includes Crayfish)</td>
<td><strong>Open year-round</strong></td>
<td>No minimum</td>
<td>50 (combined species)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Mudbugs (Dragonfly nymphs)</strong></td>
<td><strong>Open year-round</strong></td>
<td>No minimum</td>
<td>50 (combined species)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Mussels/Clams</strong></td>
<td><strong>Open year-round</strong></td>
<td>No minimum</td>
<td>50 (combined species)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Paddlefish, Spotted Gar and other threatened and endangered species</strong></td>
<td><strong>Open year-round</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**SEASONS, SIZES AND CREEF LIMITS** — Except for trout season, which begins at 8 a.m., all regulatory periods in the fishing regulations are based on the calendar day, one of which ends at midnight and the next of which begins immediately thereafter.

- Includes only those waters in 18 southeastern PA counties and four waters crossing from those counties listed in the Regional Opening Day of Trout Season Program (see pages 22, 23, 26 and 28).
- Excludes those species in waters listed in the Brood Stock lake program which have a closed year-round season with zero daily limit applied to Susquehanna River and tributaries, Lehigh River and tributaries, Schuylkill River and tributaries. West Branch Delaware River, Delaware River, Delaware estuary, Delaware River tributaries upstream to the limit of the tidal influence, and Conowingo Reservoir.

**NOTE:** It is legal to fish for trout in Class A trout streams year-round, with no harvest beginning the day after Labor Day through the opening day of trout season the following year. The exception is those stream sections designated as Class A Wild Trout Streams and Stocked Trout Waters. These stream sections are closed to fishing from March 1 until 8 a.m. on the opening day of trout season.

****** BAITFISH includes all forms of minnows; suckers, chubs, Fallfish, lampreys; Gizzard Shad 8 inches or less; and all forms of darters, killifishes and stonecats (except those listed as threatened or endangered species). Legally taken gamefish may be used as bait. It is unlawful to use or possess goldfish, comets, koi and Common Carp as baitfish while fishing. BAITFISH includes crayfish, crabs, and the nymphs, larvae and pupae of all insects spending any part of their life cycle in the water. For all crayfish species, the head must be immediately removed behind the eyes upon capture unless used as bait in the water from which taken.
These special regulations apply to Largemouth, Smallmouth and Spotted bass in the waters listed below. Stocked trout waters (lakes) that are in the Big Bass Program are closed to all fishing and Spotted bass in the waters listed below. Stocked trout waters (lakes) open to year-round fishing. For all other species, inland regulations apply.

### LAKES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Season</th>
<th>Minimum Size</th>
<th>Daily Limit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Jan. 1 through April 12</td>
<td>15 inches</td>
<td>4 (combined species)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>April 13 through June 14</td>
<td>NO HARVEST- Catch and immediate release only (no tournaments permitted)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For the latest information and regulation updates, please consult the Pennsylvania Fish & Boat Commission's website: www.fishandboat.com.

### Waters Governed by These Regulations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>County</th>
<th>Water</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Allegheny</td>
<td>Upper, Middle and Lower Deer Lakes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Marshall Lake</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Allegheny</td>
<td>North Park Lake</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Armstrong</td>
<td>Keystone Lake</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beaver</td>
<td>Brady's Run Lake</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Berks</td>
<td>Blue Marsh Lake</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Berks</td>
<td>Carsonia Lake</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Berks</td>
<td>Hopewell Lake</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Berks</td>
<td>Kaercher Creek Dam</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bedford</td>
<td>Shawnee Lake (State Park)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blair</td>
<td>Canoe Creek Lake</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(State Park)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bucks</td>
<td>Lake Towhee</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bucks</td>
<td>Nockamixon Lake (State Park)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Butler</td>
<td>Lake Arthur (Moraine State Park)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cambria</td>
<td>Beaverdam Run Reservoir</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cambria</td>
<td>Duman Dam</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cambria</td>
<td>Hinckston Run Reservoir</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cambria</td>
<td>Wilmore Dam</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carbon</td>
<td>Mauch Chunk Lake</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chester</td>
<td>Chambers Lake</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chester</td>
<td>Marsh Creek Lake (State Park)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clarion/Venango</td>
<td>Kahle Lake</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crawford</td>
<td>Sugar Lake</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fayette</td>
<td>Indian Creek Reservoir (Mill Run Reservoir)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Indiana</td>
<td>Yellow Creek Lake</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jefferson</td>
<td>Kyle Lake (lake drained)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lackawanna</td>
<td>Lackawanna Lake</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Luzerne</td>
<td>Frances Slocum Lake (State Park)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Luzerne</td>
<td>Harris Pond</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Luzerne</td>
<td>Lilly Lake</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lycoming</td>
<td>Rose Valley Lake</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mercer</td>
<td>Shenango River Lake</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Monroe</td>
<td>Brady's Lake</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Monroe/Wayne</td>
<td>Gouldsboro Lake</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Montour</td>
<td>Lake Chillisquaque</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Perry</td>
<td>Little Buffalo Lake (Holman Lake)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Somerset</td>
<td>Lake Somerset (lake drained)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Somerset</td>
<td>Quemahoning Reservoir</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Venango</td>
<td>Two Mile Run Reservoir (Justus Lake)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Washington</td>
<td>Cross Creek Lake</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Washington</td>
<td>Peters Twp. Lake (Res. #2)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wayne</td>
<td>Lower Woods Pond (partial drawdown)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Westmoreland</td>
<td>Bridgeport Reservoir</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Westmoreland</td>
<td>Indian Lake</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Westmoreland</td>
<td>Keystone Lake (State Park)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Westmoreland</td>
<td>Twin Lakes Number One Reservoir (lower)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Westmoreland</td>
<td>Mammoth Dam</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Westmoreland</td>
<td>Northmoreland Lake</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Westmoreland</td>
<td>Twin Lakes Number Two Reservoir (upper)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wyoming</td>
<td>Stevens Lake</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>York</td>
<td>Lake Marburg (Codorus State Park)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>York</td>
<td>Lake Redman</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>York</td>
<td>Lake Williams (lake drained)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>York</td>
<td>Pinchot Lake (State Park)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### SMALLMOUTH AND LARGEMOUTH BASS–CATCH AND RELEASE

- **January 1 to December 31: NO HARVEST CATCH AND IMMEDIATE RELEASE ONLY.** It is unlawful for an angler to cast repeatedly into a clearly visible bass spawning nest or redd in an effort to catch or take bass as with Commonwealth Inland Waters angling regulations.
- **From January 1 to April 12 and June 15 to December 31:** Catch-measure-immediate release tournaments permitted (see www.fishandboat.com for tournament requirement details).
- **From April 13 to June 14:** No tournaments permitted.

See catch-and-release guidelines on page 15.

**STAY UP-TO-DATE!**

The Commission has established a centralized web resource that houses news, stories, editorials, letters and other resources about the impairment of the Susquehanna River. Visit, www.fishandboat.com/susq-impairment.htm
**Pymatuning Reservoir**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Seasons</th>
<th>Minimum Size</th>
<th>Daily Limit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Walleye and Saugeye (Hybrids)</td>
<td>Open year-round</td>
<td>15 inches</td>
<td>6 (combined species)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bass: Largemouth, Smallmouth</td>
<td>Open year-round</td>
<td>12 inches</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Muskellunge and Tiger Muskellunge (Hybrids)</td>
<td>Open year-round</td>
<td>30 inches</td>
<td>2 (combined species)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crappie**</td>
<td>Open year-round</td>
<td>9 inches</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All Other Species</td>
<td>Open year-round</td>
<td>No minimum</td>
<td>None</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Baitfish/Fishbait*</td>
<td>Open year-round</td>
<td>No minimum</td>
<td>None</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Frogs and Tadpoles</td>
<td>July 1 through Oct. 31</td>
<td>No minimum</td>
<td>15 daily limit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Snapping Turtles</td>
<td>July 1 through Oct. 31</td>
<td>No minimum</td>
<td>30 possession limit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Turtles (all species other than Snapping Turtles)</td>
<td>Open year-round</td>
<td>No minimum</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mussels/Clams</td>
<td>CLOSED YEAR-ROUND</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Threatened and endangered species</td>
<td>CLOSED YEAR-ROUND</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Additional Restrictions for Pymatuning Reservoir**
- Lights or firearms may not be used to take frogs.
- Hooks used to take turtles shall be at least 3.5 inches long with at least 1 inch space between the point and shank.
- Spears, longbows, compound bows and crossbows may ONLY be used to take carp and suckers.
- Minnow seines and dip nets are restricted to 4 feet in size; mesh must measure not less than ¾ inch, nor larger than ½ inch on a side.
- **ICE FISHING** – An Ohio or Pennsylvania fishing license is recognized anywhere on the lake. It is unlawful while ice fishing to use more than five fishing devices, which may consist of rods, hand lines, tip-ups or any combination. Each device shall contain a single fishing line with no more than three hooks attached to each line. Holes cut in ice may not exceed 10 inches between the farthest points as measured in any direction. All lines, rods or tip-ups shall be under the immediate control of the person using them.

**NOTE:** See this page for reciprocal fishing privileges between Pennsylvania and Ohio.

**Fishing Privileges in Boundary Waters**

The following fishing license agreements apply to boundary waters. You must abide by all other rules and regulations of the state in which fishing and where you launch or retrieve your boat.

A **Pennsylvania or Maryland License** is valid on the Conowingo Reservoir or Youghiogheny River Lake when fishing from a boat (excluding coves and tributaries). **Does Not Include Shore Fishing.**

A **Pennsylvania or New York License** is valid on the Delaware River (including West Branch) between New York and Pennsylvania when **Fishing from a Boat or from Either Shore.**

A **Pennsylvania or New Jersey License** is valid on the Delaware River between New Jersey and Pennsylvania when **Fishing from a Boat or from Either Shore.** A Pennsylvania fishing license is required to fish in all other waters identified on page 13 as being part of the Delaware Estuary.

A **Pennsylvania or Ohio License** is valid on the Pymatuning Reservoir when fishing from a boat. **Does Not Include Shore Fishing.**

A **Pennsylvania License** is required to fish Kinzua Reservoir in McKean and Warren counties. No agreement has been established with New York.

**No Fishing Agreements** have been made on any other boundary waters.

**Conowingo Reservoir**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Seasons</th>
<th>Minimum Size</th>
<th>Daily Limit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>All Species of Trout and Salmon</td>
<td>Open year-round</td>
<td>No minimum</td>
<td>2 (combined species)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bass: Largemouth, Smallmouth</td>
<td>Jan. 1 through Feb. 28 and June 16 through Dec. 31</td>
<td>12 inches</td>
<td>5 (combined species)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Northern Pike</td>
<td>Open year-round</td>
<td>30 inches</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Walleye</td>
<td>Open year-round</td>
<td>15 inches</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Muskellunge and Tiger Muskellunge (Hybrids)</td>
<td>Open year-round</td>
<td>36 inches</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pickerel</td>
<td>Open year-round</td>
<td>14 inches</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Striped Bass and Striped Bass/ White Bass Hybrids</td>
<td>Open year-round</td>
<td>18 inches</td>
<td>2 (combined species) only one of which may exceed 30 inches</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sunfish, Bluegill, Rock Bass</td>
<td>Open year-round</td>
<td>No minimum</td>
<td>15 (combined species)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crappies</td>
<td>Open year-round</td>
<td>No minimum</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carp</td>
<td>Open year-round</td>
<td>No minimum</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Channel Catfish</td>
<td>Open year-round</td>
<td>No minimum</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Suckers</td>
<td>Open year-round</td>
<td>No minimum</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>American Eel</td>
<td>Open year-round</td>
<td>9 inches</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yellow Perch</td>
<td>Open year-round</td>
<td>No minimum</td>
<td>No daily limit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Baitfish/Fishbait*</td>
<td>See page 8</td>
<td>No minimum</td>
<td>35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All Other Fish Species</td>
<td>Open year-round</td>
<td>No minimum</td>
<td>No daily limit</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**American Shad and Hickory Shad, River Herring (Alewife and Blueback Herring), Bivalves/Shellfish (Mussels/Clams)**

**Closed Year-Round** includes all threatened and endangered species

*It is illegal to: catch or process any species of crayfish unless the head is immediately removed behind the eyes upon capture; use any species of crayfish as bait unless the head is removed behind the eyes; catch and possess a female crayfish with eggs attached to the underside of the abdomen.

**Saltwater Angler Registry: Delaware River and Estuary**

Anglers who target or catch shad, striped bass and river herring from the Delaware River below Trenton Falls or in the Delaware Estuary are required to register through the Pennsylvania Fish & Boat Commission’s free online system (PA-SARP); register, for a fee, with the National Saltwater Angler Registry administered by the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA); or meet the saltwater angler registration requirements of another state. Anglers do not need to register if they meet one of the following exceptions:

- Are under the age of 16.
- Hold a Highly Migratory Species Angling Permit.
- Fish commercially under a valid license.
- Possess a valid registration with the National Saltwater Angler.
- Registry administered by NOAA or from another exempted state.

Pennsylvania fishing license holders may choose to register for free with the Pennsylvania Fish & Boat Commission. Visit [www.pa-sarp.pa.gov](http://www.pa-sarp.pa.gov) for registration details.

Anglers may also register with the National Registry website at [www.countmyfish.noaa.gov](http://www.countmyfish.noaa.gov) with NOAA by clicking on the Angler Registry link or call the toll-free registration line NATIONAL SALTWATER ANGLER REGISTRY: DELAWARE RIVER AND ESTUARY at 1-888-MRIP-411 (1-888-674-7411). Please note that registered anglers must still possess a valid state fishing license.

[www.fishandboat.com](http://www.fishandboat.com) 2019 Pennsylvania Fishing Summary
The Delaware River estuary consists of the water areas listed below to their upper tidal limits:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>WATER AREA</th>
<th>UPPER TIDAL LIMIT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Chester Creek</td>
<td>Kerlin Street (Chester city)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crum Creek</td>
<td>U.S. Route 13 (Eddystone)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Darby Creek</td>
<td>Pine Street (Darby borough)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Delaware River</td>
<td>From the PA state line upstream to the U.S. Route 1 bridge</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Frankford Creek</td>
<td>U.S. Route 13 (Frankford Avenue)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Marcus Hook Creek</td>
<td>U.S. Route 13 (Marcus Hook borough)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Neshaminy Creek</td>
<td>Hulmeville Falls</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pennypack Creek</td>
<td>U.S. Route 13 (Frankford Avenue)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Poquessing Creek</td>
<td>State Road</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ridley Creek</td>
<td>MacDade Boulevard (Chester city)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Schuylkill River</td>
<td>Fairmount Dam</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**DELAWARE RIVER BLUE CRABS**

- **FEMALE BLUE CRABS** bearing eggs or from which the egg pouch or bunion has been removed may not be possessed.
- **CRAB POTS** are limited to no more than two pots per person when taking crabs. In addition, two handlines may be used.
- **UNATTENDED CRAB POTS** must be labeled with the name and address of the owner or user.
- **DISTURBING UNATTENDED CRAB POTS** is unlawful, except by the owner, user or members of the immediate family, and officers or representatives of the Pennsylvania Fish & Boat Commission.

**HORSESHOE CRABS** are unlawful to sell, offer for sale, or purchase any horseshoe crabs. It is unlawful to import into or transport in this Commonwealth horseshoe crabs for the purpose of sale.

**CRAB POTS** are limited to no more than two pots per person when taking crabs. In addition, two handlines may be used.

**DISTURBING UNATTENDED CRAB POTS** is unlawful, except by the owner, user or members of the immediate family, and officers or representatives of the Pennsylvania Fish & Boat Commission.

**HORSESHOE CRABS** are unlawful to sell, offer for sale, or purchase any horseshoe crabs. It is unlawful to import into or transport in this Commonwealth horseshoe crabs for the purpose of sale.

* Measured point to point

Harvesting blue crabs from the Delaware River and its estuary waters is permitted pursuant to the regulations at left.

See fish consumption advisory for Delaware Estuary Striped Bass over 28” – see page 31.
LAKE ERIE FISHING

The following seasons, sizes and daily limits apply to Lake Erie, Presque Isle Bay and peninsular waters, all Lake Erie tributaries in their entirety which include Cascade Creek, Conneaut Creek, Crooked Creek, East Branch Conneaut Creek, Eightmile Creek, Elk Creek, Fournille Creek, Middle Branch Conneaut Creek, Marsh Run, Mill Creek, Mud Run, Raccoon Creek, Sevenmile Creek, Sixmile Creek, Sixteenmile Creek, Stone Run, Temple Run, Turkey Creek, Twelvemile Creek, Twentymile Creek, Walnut Creek, West Branch Conneaut Creek and all waters that flow into these tributaries.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Seasons</th>
<th>Minimum Size</th>
<th>Daily Limit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Muskelung and Tiger Muskelung (Hybrids)</td>
<td>Open year-round</td>
<td>40 inches</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Northern Pike</td>
<td>Open year-round</td>
<td>24 inches</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Walleye</td>
<td>Jan. 1 through March 14 and May 4 through Dec. 31</td>
<td>15 inches</td>
<td>6***</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bass*</td>
<td>Jan. 1 through April 12 and June 15 through Dec. 31</td>
<td>15 inches</td>
<td>4 (combined species)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Largemouth Smallmouth</td>
<td>April 13 through June 14*</td>
<td>20 inches</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yellow Perch</td>
<td>Dec. 1 through April 30</td>
<td>7 inches</td>
<td>30***</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sunfish, Crappies, Catfish, Rock Bass, Suckers, Eels, Carp, White Bass, Bowfin and other gamefish not otherwise listed</td>
<td>Open year-round</td>
<td>No minimum</td>
<td>50 (combined species)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Burbot (when taken by scuba divers by use of nonmechanical spears or gigs at a depth of at least 60 feet)</td>
<td>June 1 through Sept. 30</td>
<td>No minimum</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Burbot (when taken by hook and line)</td>
<td>Open year-round</td>
<td>No minimum</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Smelt (when taken by hook and line)</td>
<td>Open year-round</td>
<td>No minimum</td>
<td>None</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trout and Salmon**</td>
<td>Jan. 1 through April 11</td>
<td>15 inches</td>
<td>3 (combined species), only two (2) of which may be lake trout.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>8 a.m. April 13 through Sept. 2</td>
<td>9 inches</td>
<td>5 (combined species), only two (2) of which may be lake trout.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Sept. 3 through April 16, 2020</td>
<td>15 inches</td>
<td>3 (combined species), only two (2) of which may be lake trout.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Baitsfish/Fishbait*</td>
<td>Open year-round</td>
<td>No minimum</td>
<td>50 (combined species)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>American Eel</td>
<td>Open year-round</td>
<td>9 inches</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>


Transportation of VHS-Susceptible Fish Out of the Lake Erie Watershed

An infectious fish disease, caused by a variant of Viral Hemorrhagic Septicemia Virus (VHS), has caused fish mortalities in the Great Lakes. The initial list of fish species that are susceptible to VHS includes Black Crappie, Bluegill, Bluntnose Minnow, Brown Bullhead, Brown Trout, Burbot, Channel Catfish, Chinook Salmon, Coho Salmon, Emerald Shiner, Freshwater Drum, Gizzard Shad, Herring, Largemouth Bass, Muskelung, Northern Pike, Pink Salmon, Pumpkinseed, Rainbow Trout, Redhorse Sucker, Rock Bass, Smallmouth Bass, Walleye, White Bass, White Perch, Whitefish and Yellow Perch.

It is unlawful to transport or cause the transportation of VHS-susceptible species of fish out of the portion of Lake Erie Watershed in this Commonwealth into other watersheds of this Commonwealth except when certain conditions are met. It is illegal to use VHS-susceptible fish species, fish parts and eggs taken from the Lake Erie Watershed as fishbait in Commonwealth waters outside the Lake Erie Watershed except when the fish are certified as VHS-negative. It is legal to transport dead recreationally caught fish out of the Lake Erie Watershed solely for the purpose of human consumption.

Because of diseases and invasive species, the Commission recommends as a good conservation practice that anglers not transport any live fish out of the Lake Erie Watershed and introduce those fish into other watersheds. For more information on invasive species, please see “Aquatic Invasive Species” on page 18. For more information on VHS, please contact the Commission’s Northwest Region Office (page 3) or visit www.fishandboat.com/pafish/all/vhs/vhs.htm.

* It is unlawful to conduct or participate in a fishing tournament for bass on Lake Erie or Presque Isle Bay during the period from opening day of the trout season in April until midnight the first Saturday after June 11.
** It is unlawful to fish or possess trout or salmon in or along any Lake Erie tributary stream from 12:01 a.m. on April 12 until 8 a.m. on April 13 (32 hours total).
*** Adaptive management for daily limits: After the PFBC Executive Director establishes the daily limit for the year, the information will be available from any PFBC office and posted at www.fishandboat.com.

Special Regulations—Lake Erie Tributary Streams

- Designated as Nursery Waters are Trout Run and its tributaries, Godfrey Run, Orchard Beach Run, and Crooked Creek (where posted). It is unlawful to fish, wade or possess fishing equipment while in or along Lake Erie tributary streams designated as Nursery Waters.
- Archery fishing or spearing fish is prohibited in or along Lake Erie tributary streams.
- From September 4 until the opening day of trout season in April, all Lake Erie tributary streams are closed to fishing from 10 p.m. until 5 a.m. on the following day except for Walnut Creek north of Manchester Bridge Road and Elk Creek north of Route 5.
- It is unlawful to fish from 10 p.m. until 5 a.m. on the following day within 50 yards of the mouth of both Trout Run and Godfrey Run while fishing the Lake Erie shoreline.

LAKE ERIE PERMIT

All anglers fishing in the waters of Lake Erie, Presque Isle Bay and their tributaries including waters that flow into those tributaries are required to possess a valid Lake Erie permit or Combination Trout/Salmon/Lake Erie permit.

The main tributaries where a permit is required are: Cascade Creek, Conneaut Creek, Crooked Creek, Eightmile Creek, Elk Creek, Fournille Creek, Mill Creek, Raccoon Creek, Sevenmile Creek, Sixmile Creek, Sixteenmile Creek, Turkey Creek, Twelvemile Creek, Twentymile Creek and Walnut Creek. A permit is also required for all of those waters that flow into these main tributaries.

Anglers fishing the East and West Basin ponds (Waterworks Ponds, Presque Isle State Park) are not required to possess a Lake Erie Permit.

Anglers fishing inland ponds, lakes and reservoirs in Erie County are not required to possess a Lake Erie Permit.

*For all crayfish species, the head must be immediately removed behind the eyes upon capture unless used as bait in the water from which taken.
These regulations are intended to restrict harvest and fish consumption from designated lakes during the FDA-mandated withdrawal period. During this period, fish anesthetics are used during Muskellunge, Tiger Muskellunge (hybrids), Northern Pike and pickerel culture operations. From April 1 through May 31, fishing for these species is permitted on a catch and release/no harvest basis. It is unlawful to take or possess any Muskellunge, Tiger Muskellunge (hybrids), Northern Pike and pickerel from these lakes during this period. When caught, these fish species shall be immediately returned unharmed.

### Catch and Release Lakes

These lakes are regulated year-round as catch and release for all fish species. This means fishing is permitted on a catch and release/no harvest basis. It is unlawful to take, kill or possess any fish from these lakes. Once caught, all fish shall be immediately returned unharmed.

Additional catch and release regulations specifically for trout can be found on page 21. These include: Catch and Release Artificial Lures Only, Catch and Release All Tackle and Catch and Release Fly-Fishing Only.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>County</th>
<th>Water Area</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Minimum Size</th>
<th>Daily Limit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Berks</td>
<td>Blue Marsh Reservoir</td>
<td>Crappie</td>
<td>9 inches</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cambria</td>
<td>Beaverdam Run Reservoir</td>
<td>Yellow Perch</td>
<td>9 inches</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Hinkston Run Reservoir</td>
<td>Sunfish</td>
<td>7 inches</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Wilmore Dam</td>
<td>Sunfish</td>
<td>7 inches</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Centre</td>
<td>Foster Joseph Sayers Lake*</td>
<td>Sunfish</td>
<td>7 inches</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chester</td>
<td>Chambers Lake</td>
<td>Yellow Perch</td>
<td>9 inches</td>
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<tr>
<td>Crawford</td>
<td>Pymatuning Reservoir</td>
<td>Crappie</td>
<td>9 inches</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fayette/</td>
<td>Bridgeport Reservoir</td>
<td>Crappie</td>
<td>9 inches</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Westmoreland</td>
<td></td>
<td>Sunfish</td>
<td>7 inches</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Monroe</td>
<td>Bradys Lake</td>
<td>Sunfish</td>
<td>7 inches</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Gouldsboro Lake</td>
<td>Yellow Perch</td>
<td>9 inches</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Crappie</td>
<td>9 inches</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Sunfish</td>
<td>9 inches</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Yellow Perch</td>
<td>9 inches</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Crappie</td>
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<td>Sunfish</td>
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<td>9 inches</td>
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<td>Crappie</td>
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<td>Sunfish</td>
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<td>Yellow Perch</td>
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<td>Crappie</td>
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<td>Sunfish</td>
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<td>Crappie</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Sunfish</td>
<td>7 inches</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Crappie</td>
<td>9 inches</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Panfish Enhancement Special Regulations

These regulations are intended to increase the number, quality and size of panfish through the use of minimum length limits on sunfish, crappies and Yellow Perch. For all other species, Commonwealth inland waters seasons, sizes and creel limits apply, unless listed in other special regulation programs. It is unlawful to fish in the Panfish Enhancement Special Regulations waters listed below except in compliance with the following size and creel limits:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>County</th>
<th>Water Area</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Minimum Size</th>
<th>Daily Limit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Berks</td>
<td>Blue Marsh Reservoir</td>
<td>Crappie</td>
<td>9 inches</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cambria</td>
<td>Beaverdam Run Reservoir</td>
<td>Yellow Perch</td>
<td>9 inches</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Hinkston Run Reservoir</td>
<td>Sunfish</td>
<td>7 inches</td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td>Wilmore Dam</td>
<td>Sunfish</td>
<td>7 inches</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Centre</td>
<td>Foster Joseph Sayers Lake*</td>
<td>Sunfish</td>
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<td>Chester</td>
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<td>Crappie</td>
<td>9 inches</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Fayette/</td>
<td>Bridgeport Reservoir</td>
<td>Crappie</td>
<td>9 inches</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Westmoreland</td>
<td></td>
<td>Sunfish</td>
<td>7 inches</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Monroe</td>
<td>Bradys Lake</td>
<td>Sunfish</td>
<td>7 inches</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Gouldsboro Lake</td>
<td>Yellow Perch</td>
<td>9 inches</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Crappie</td>
<td>9 inches</td>
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<td></td>
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<td>Sunfish</td>
<td>9 inches</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Yellow Perch</td>
<td>9 inches</td>
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<td>Crappie</td>
<td>9 inches</td>
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<td>Sunfish</td>
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<td>Yellow Perch</td>
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<td>Crappie</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Sunfish</td>
<td>7 inches</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Crappie</td>
<td>9 inches</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### How to Release Fish

Some waters are managed strictly as “Catch and Release” waters. Minimum-size limits require that fish less than the minimum must be released. Creel limits require that fish caught in excess of the limit must be released. Closed seasons require the release of fish species caught during a season when keeping them is not permitted. The number of fish that survive depends on several factors, including the length of the fight, where the fish is hooked, water temperature, and how the fish is handled and released.

To give fish released the best chance for survival, follow these recommended guidelines:

1. Use barbless hooks.
2. Play fish quickly.
3. Try to land your fish as quickly as possible, and don't play the fish to exhaustion.
4. Keep the fish in the water. The chance of a fish being injured increases the longer it is held out of water.
5. Wet your hands, your net and other materials that may come in contact with the fish.
6. Hold the fish upside down while removing the hook. This can often pacify the fish and reduce handling time.
7. Remove hooks quickly. Hemostats or long-nose pliers are essential tools for quickly removing hooks.
8. Cut the line. When it is not possible to remove the hook without harming the fish, cut the line.
9. Don’t touch the gills. Do not handle fish by placing your fingers in the gill slits.
10. Hold the fish upright underwater after hook removal and allow it to swim away under its own power. If necessary, hold the fish out of the current until it revives.
11. Fish that are bleeding from the mouth or gills due to hook removal do not survive after being released back into the water. Anglers may be charged with violating the Fish and Boat Code by failing to immediately release the fish unharmed. If regulations permit, the angler should keep the fish and have it count towards his or her daily limit.

### Brood Stock Lakes Program

These lakes are regulated year-round as catch and release/no harvest for all fish species. It is unlawful to take, kill or possess any fish from these lakes. Once caught, all fish shall be immediately returned unharmed.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>County</th>
<th>Water Area</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Minimum Size</th>
<th>Daily Limit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Crawford</td>
<td>Conneaut Lake</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Lake Canadota</td>
<td>Sunfish</td>
<td>7 inches</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Sugar Lake</td>
<td>Yellow Perch</td>
<td>9 inches</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Woodcock Creek Lake</td>
<td>Crappie</td>
<td>9 inches</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Erie</td>
<td>Edinboro Lake</td>
<td>Sunfish</td>
<td>7 inches</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Howard Eaton Reservoir</td>
<td>Sunfish</td>
<td>7 inches</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For all other species, Commonwealth inland waters seasons, sizes and creel limits apply.
SPECIAL REGULATIONS BY LOCATION

MISCELLANEOUS WATERS WITH SPECIAL REGULATIONS

These special regulations apply to fish species identified for each location and regulation. Fish species not covered by a special regulation in these locales – inland regulations apply unless otherwise designated for these species.

BEAVER: Hopewell Township Park Lake
- Bass – 15-inch minimum size, creel limit 2 per day. Panfish – Creel limit 10 combined species per day. Use of live fish for bait is prohibited. Refer to Big Bass Program for NO HARVEST dates (see page 11).

BLAIR/HUNTINGDON/JUNIATA/MIFFLIN/PERTH:
- Juniata River and tributaries
  - The daily creel limit of Rock Bass is 10; open season year-round; no minimum size limit.

BUTLER: Glade Run Lake
- All species except trout – catch and release/no harvest; it is unlawful to take, kill or possess any fish except trout. All fish caught other than trout must be immediately returned unharmed. This miscellaneous special regulation will remain in effect until further notice.

CENTRE: Foster Joseph Sayers Lake
- Black and white crappie: Daily creel limit is 10 (combined crappie species). No more than 5 may be greater than 9 inches in size. Total panfish daily creel limit may not exceed 50 when other panfish species are in the creel (see page 10 and 15 applicable to other panfish).

CENTRE: Penns Creek – 7 miles from the confluence with Elk Creek downstream to the Catch and Release area located 600 meters downstream of Swift Run.
- Trout (all species), all other species, inland regulations apply. Open to fishing year-round.
  - From 8 a.m. on the opening day of the regular trout season through Labor Day, the slot limit for trout is at least 7 inches and less than 12 inches in length, caught on, or in possession, and the daily limit is 2 (combined species).
  - From the day after Labor Day until 8 a.m. of the opening day of the trout season of the following year, no trout may be killed or had in possession.
  - Fishing may be done with artificial lures, flies or streamers, natural bait, baits and fishing gear may be used in this water.

CLARION: Beaver Creek Ponds
- Closed to fishing from Jan. 1 through opening day of bass season.
  - Bass – 15-inch minimum size, creel limit 2 per day on entire project area. Panfish – Creel limit 10 per day combined species on entire area.

COLUMBIA AND NORTHUMBERLAND: South Branch of Roaring Creek – from the bridge on State Route 3008 at Bear Gap upstream to the bridge on State Route 42 – This is a catch and release/no harvest fishery for all species. It is unlawful to take, kill or possess any fish. All fish caught must be immediately returned unharmed.

CRAWFORD: Paden Creek, Linesville Creek and Shenango River
- Nursery waters closed to all fishing March 1 through May 1, 2019. Waters involved are Paden Creek (Finley Creek) from the mouth upstream to “Finley Bridge” on U.S. Route 6, Linesville Creek from the mouth (Pymatuning Sanctuary) upstream to the Conrail Railroad bridge north of U.S. Route 6 in Linesville, and the Shenango River, from the Pymatuning Lake Sanctuary boundary at the Route 285 bridge, locally known as Blair Bridge, upstream 100 yards.

CRAWFORD/ERIE: Conneaut Creek
- Lake Erie Tributary Regulations apply (see page 14) for entire stream in Crawford and Erie counties.

CUMBERLAND: Opossum Lake
- All species except trout – catch and release/no harvest; it is unlawful to take, kill or possess any fish except trout. All fish caught other than trout must be immediately returned unharmed. This miscellaneous special regulation will remain in effect until further notice.

HUNTINGDON: Lake Perez
- All species except trout – catch and release/no harvest; it is unlawful to take, kill or possess any fish except trout. All fish caught other than trout must be immediately returned unharmed. This miscellaneous special regulation will remain in effect until further notice.

LEHIGH: Leaser Lake
- All species, except trout–catch and release/no harvest; it is unlawful to take, kill or possess any fish, except trout. All fish caught other than trout must be immediately returned unharmed. For trout, inland regulations apply. This regulation will remain in effect until further notice.

LUZERNE: Harveys Lake
- Open year-round to fishing. The daily limit is 3 trout (combined species) during the period from 8 a.m. on the opening day of trout season through Labor Day. Only one of the three (3) trout daily limit may exceed 18 inches in length. No trout may be killed or had in possession from March 1 to the opening day of trout season. Inland regulations apply for other fish species.

MONROE/NORTHAMPTON/PIKE: Delaware Water Gap National Recreation Area-The use of eel chutes, eel pots and fyke nets is prohibited. The taking of the following fishbait is prohibited: Crayfish or crabs, mussels, clams and the nymphs, larvae and pupae of all insects spending any part of their life cycle in the water. The taking, catching, killing and possession of any species of amphibian or reptile within the boundaries of the Delaware Water Gap National Recreation Area is prohibited.

NOTICE FOR INFORMATION ONLY: Anglers are advised that the National Park Service 2016’s Superintendent’s Compendium of Designations, Closures, Permit Requirements and Other Restrictions states: “The use of crayfish, clams, mussels, reptiles or amphibians as fishbait is prohibited, unless it is a commercially produced, preserved and packaged product.” – Duration until further notice within Delaware Water Gap National Recreation Area.

SOMERSET/FAYETTE/WEST MORELAND/ALLEGHENY: Youquighoheny River – From the confluence with the Casselman River downstream to the confluence with Ramcat Run and Youquighoheny River from the PA Route 381 bridge at Ohiopyle downstream to the mouth of the river.
- No closed season on trout. Daily limit – Opening day of the trout season through Labor Day – 5 trout; the day after Labor Day through the opening day of the trout season of the following year – 3 trout. For all other species, inland regulations apply. See All Tackle Trophy Trout regulations on page 21.

WARREN: Allegheny River – 8.75 miles from the outflow of the Allegheny Reservoir downstream to the confluence of Conewango Creek.
- From 8 a.m. on the opening day of the regular trout season through Labor Day, the minimum size for trout is 14 inches and the daily limit is 2 (combined species).
- From the day after Labor Day until 8 a.m. of the opening day of the trout season of the following year, no trout may be killed or had in possession.

WARREN: Chapman Dam Reservoir
- All species, except trout–catch and release/no harvest; it is unlawful to take, kill or possess any fish, except trout. All fish caught other than trout must be immediately returned unharmed. For trout, inland regulations apply. This regulation will remain in effect until further notice.

WASHINGTON: Little Chartiers Creek – From Canonsburg Lake Dam approximately 0.25 mile downstream to the mouth.
- No fishing from March 1 until 8 a.m. opening day of the trout season.

WAYNE: West Branch Delaware River – From the Pennsylvania/New York border downstream to the confluence with the East Branch of the Delaware River.
- Artificial Lures Only season runs from October 16 until 8 a.m. on the opening day of the trout season.
- Fishing may be done with artificial lures only, constructed of metal, plastic, rubber or wood, or with flies and streamers constructed of natural or synthetic materials. All lures may be used with spinning or fly fishing gear.
- The daily creel limit of trout is zero (0) during the artificial-lures-only season. (see page 13 for additional regulation for the Delaware River)
The following ENDANGERED and THREATENED native species have NO OPEN SEASON. The DAILY LIMIT is 0 (zero) and POSSESSION LIMIT is 0 (zero).

REPTILES AND AMPHIBIANS - SEASONS AND LIMITS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Season</th>
<th>Daily Limit</th>
<th>Possession Limit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bullfrog</td>
<td>July 1 through October 31</td>
<td>10 (combined species)</td>
<td>20 (combined species)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>American Green Frog</td>
<td>July 1 through October 31</td>
<td>10 (combined species)</td>
<td>20 (combined species)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Snapping Turtle</td>
<td>July 1 through October 31</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amphibian Eggs and Tadpoles</td>
<td>No closed season</td>
<td>15 (combined species)</td>
<td>15 (combined species)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Timber Rattlesnake*</td>
<td>June 9 through July 31</td>
<td>1 annual limit**</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eastern Copperhead</td>
<td>June 9 through July 31</td>
<td>1 annual limit**</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* It is unlawful to hunt, take, catch or kill Timber Rattlesnakes along the route 15 and south of Interstate 81 to the Maryland line where there is no open season.

** It is unlawful to possess, take, catch or kill more than one Timber Rattlesnake or Eastern Copperhead per calendar year except as provided in Chapter 79.7(f) (Fish & Boat Code) relating to organized reptile and amphibian hunt permits. It is unlawful to possess more than one Timber Rattlesnake or Eastern Copperhead at any time except as provided in Chapter 79.7(f) (Fish & Boat Code).

*** Subcaudal scales are flat scales located on the underside of a Timber Rattlesnake between the vent (anal scale) and the base of the tail rattle. See page 30 for Snapping Turtle consumption advice.

The Commission has identified some species of reptiles, amphibians, fish and aquatic organisms as endangered, threatened or candidate species. Endangered and threatened species face extirpation and have NO OPEN SEASON.

FOR A LIST OF ALL ENDANGERED, THREATENED AND CANDIDATE FISH SPECIES, visit www.fishandboat.com.

The following native reptile and amphibian species have NO OPEN SEASON. The DAILY LIMIT is 0 (zero) and POSSESSION LIMIT is 0 (zero).

The following native reptile and amphibian species have NO CLOSED SEASON. The DAILY LIMIT is 1 (one) and POSSESSION LIMIT is 1 (one).

ADDITIONAL RESTRICTIONS for ALL Reptiles and Amphibians:
- A fishing license is required to catch or take reptiles and amphibians from the lands and waters of the Commonwealth.
- Unless otherwise indicated, reptiles and amphibians may only be taken by hand, hook, snake tongs, turtle hooks, traps and nets less than four square feet or four feet in diameter.
- It is unlawful to take, catch or kill a reptile or amphibian through the use of firearms, chemicals, explosives, winches, jacks or other devices.
- It is unlawful to damage or disrupt the nest or eggs of a reptile or to gather, take or possess the eggs of any reptile in the natural environment of this Commonwealth.
- It is unlawful to damage or destroy habitat in the pursuit of a reptile or amphibian.
- It is unlawful to take, catch, kill or possess for the purposes of selling or offering for sale, importing or exporting for consideration, trading or bartering or purchasing an amphibian or reptile whether dead or alive, in whole or in parts, including the eggs or any life stage that was taken from lands or waters within this Commonwealth.
- It is unlawful to transport or import into or within this Commonwealth a native species from another jurisdiction. It is also unlawful to receive a native species that was transported or imported into or within this Commonwealth from another jurisdiction.
- Taking, catching and possessing amphibians and reptiles in Department of Conservation and Natural Resources natural areas designated by posters is prohibited.

Frogs:
- The use of artificial light to take frogs at night is illegal.
- Frogs may be taken with long bow and arrow, including compound bows, crossbows, spears or gigs. Spears or gigs may not have more than five barbs and cannot be used in stocked trout waters.

Turtles:
- Set-lines, turtle traps or other devices for catching turtles must include a tag indicating the name, address and phone number of the owner or user. Traps, nets or other devices must be of a floating or partially submerged design so as to allow for the release of untargeted turtles. Hooks must be at least 3.5 inches long with not less than one inch space between the point and shank of the hook. The number of lines or hooks per line is unlimited.

PERMITS:
- A permit is required to hunt, take, catch, kill or possess Timber Rattlesnakes and Eastern Copperhead snakes.
- A permit is required to hunt, take, catch or kill common Snapping Turtles for the purpose of sale, barter or trade.

To purchase Venomous Snake and Commercial Turtle permits, visit your license issuing agent. Commercial Turtle Permits can also be purchased online at www.pa.wildlifelicense.com.
Aquatic Invasive Species

Aquatic Invasive Species (AIS) may be microscopic and can be plants or animals. AIS have the potential to cause significant economic and ecologic harm to our waterways by competing with native and game species for space and food. Anglers, boaters, swimmers and others who contact this water can unknowingly spread AIS.

- Do not move or release animals or plants to other waterways.
- Dispose of unwanted fishing bait in the trash.

STOP ASIAN CARP!

Asian carp have had a devastating impact in the Mississippi River system and now pose this threat to the Great Lakes basin. As AIS species, these fish do not naturally occur in Pennsylvania waters and would only occur if transported and released. These carp species are a threat due to their large size (some can grow to more than 100 pounds and 5 feet in length), reproductive success, habitat damage and large, year-round food consumption. In addition, Silver Carp, when startled, can jump up to 10 feet out of the water striking boaters, causing severe injury.

For more information and to report sightings or catches of these fish species and other AIS, visit PFBC’s AIS web page at: www.fishandboat.com/AIS.htm.

REPORT AIS SIGHTINGS: http://fishandboat.com/ais-reporting.htm

These are some of the aquatic invasive species in Pennsylvania.

- Rusty Crayfish
- Quagga Mussel
- Round Goby

Stop Aquatic Hitchhikers!

For more information, visit www.fishandboat.com/AIS.htm

Check these areas of your boat

Clean Your Gear!

Before leaving this waterway, check for and remove any aquatic life (plants and animals), mud and other organic debris.

Use the following AIS disinfection methods before using your gear or equipment at a new waterway:

Small Gear
- For a minimum of 20 minutes, soak gear in hot water (120°-140° F) (may damage Gore-tex®) containing 1 cup of regular dish detergent per gallon of water OR freeze gear for at least 8 hours.
- After cleaning or freezing, allow gear to dry for a minimum of 48 hours before next use.
- Consider using your gear in only one waterway, thus eliminating the need to disinfect.

Boats and Heavy Equipment
- Before leaving this waterway, drain water from boat, motor, bilges, bladder tanks, live bait wells, any other wet compartments and portable bait containers.
- Use a steam spray unit to thoroughly clean all parts of the boat or heavy equipment (including all wet compartments such as the bilge, bait compartments and storage bunkers). If steam cleaning is not available, use a high pressure hot water sprayer. If these cleaning options are not available, put your boat through a hot water car wash.
- Thoroughly spray all parts of a boat trailer and towing vehicle that contact the water.
- Thoroughly flush the cooling system of all boat motors.
- After cleaning, allow equipment to dry for at least 48 hours.
**GENERAL BOATING REGULATIONS**

**BOATING** – A Coast Guard-approved wearable life jacket or personal flotation device (PFD) is required for each occupant on all types of boats in all waters. See additional PFD (life jacket) requirements on this page. Motorboats (including boats powered by electric motors) must be registered, and they must be registered in their state of principal use. Boat operators of boats with greater than 25 horsepower and born on or after Jan. 1, 1982, may not operate unless they have obtained and have in possession a Boating Safety Education Certificate. All PWC (personal watercraft) operators must have obtained and have in possession a Boating Safety Education Certificate. Persons 11 years of age or younger may NOT operate a boat with greater than 25 horsepower or a PWC. Persons 12–15 years of age may not operate a PWC with any passengers on board 15 years of age or younger or rent a PWC.

Owners of unpowered boats (canoes, kayaks, rowboats, stand-up paddleboards, etc.) can launch their boats at Commission lakes, access areas and properties, and at PA state parks and forests if their boats display the Commission’s launch use permit OR boat registration, OR PA state parks launch permit OR mooring permit. An unpowered boat may have a registration OR launch permit, but it is not required to have both. The Commission does NOT recognize launch permits from other states.

**LIFE JACKET WEAR REQUIRED BY LAW NOVEMBER 1 TO APRIL 30**

Boaters are required, by law, to wear life jackets on boats less than 16 feet in length or on any canoe or kayak during the cold weather months from November 1 through April 30. This requirement is intended to protect boaters from the dangers of cold water shock if they fall into the water.

The risk of an accident being fatal is significantly higher when the air and water temperatures are colder in late fall through spring. Over the last 15 years, cold water incidents represented only eight percent of the boating-related accidents, but they resulted in 24 percent of the fatalities. Victims who are wearing a life jacket when exposed to cold water have potentially life-saving advantages.

**MAKE SURE YOUR LIFE JACKET FITS!**

For a life jacket to work properly, not only does it need to be on your body, it should fit properly as well. A properly fitting life jacket is more comfortable (meaning you are more likely to wear it) but more important, it functions better. Life jackets that are too small or large can ride up or even come off when you are in the water.

It’s easy to check a conventional life jacket for proper fit—just put it on. The jacket should fit you snugly with all zippers, straps, ties and snaps correctly secured. With a partner behind you, raise your arms like you are signaling a touchdown in a football game. Have the partner lift the jacket by the shoulders. The jacket should come no higher than your chin. If the jacket covers your face or comes off—that’s what would happen in the water. In this case, tighten the straps or use a smaller size.

**LIFE JACKET WEAR/BUI REQUIREMENTS**

**WHO MUST WEAR A LIFE JACKET?**

- Children 12 years of age and younger on Commonwealth waters when underway in any boat 20 feet or less in length and in all canoes and kayaks.
- On Pittsburgh District U.S. Army Corps of Engineers lakes (only), everyone in boats under 16 feet and in all canoes and kayaks.
- All water skiers and anyone towed behind boats, in addition to personal watercraft operators and passengers, and sailboarders (windsurfers) are required to wear a life jacket. Inflatable life jackets are not acceptable for these activities.
- Boaters are required, by law, to wear life jackets on boats less than 16 feet in length or any canoe or kayak during the cold weather months from November 1 through April 30.

**PERSONAL FLOTATION DEVICE (LIFE JACKET) REQUIREMENTS**

- All boats must have a USCG-approved wearable life jacket on board for each person.
- In addition to wearable life jackets, boats 16 feet and over must have a USCG-approved throwable device (ring buoy, life ring or buoyant seat cushion) on board. Canoes and kayaks, regardless of length, are not required to carry a throwable device.
- Life jackets must be used in accordance with any requirements on the approval label.
- All life jackets must be in good and serviceable condition and legibly marked showing the USCG approval number. This means the life jacket must be fully functional, free of tears or defects in the material. All buckles, straps, zippers and other closures must be operable.
- Wearable life jackets must be “readily accessible,” which means that they are stowed where they can be easily reached or that they are out in the open ready to wear. Throwables devices must be “immediately available,” which means that the device cannot be in a protective covering and shall be within arm’s reach of the operator or passenger while the boat is operated. A PFD that is sealed in its original packaging is not readily accessible or immediately available.
- Life jackets must be the appropriate size for the person intended and adjusted to wear.
- A throwable device may not be used as a substitute for a wearable device.

**BOATING AND ALCOHOL DO NOT MIX!**

Alcohol use increases the chances of having an accident. Alcohol affects balance, coordination and judgment. It is illegal to operate a boat while under the influence of alcohol or a controlled substance. Penalties include loss of boating privileges, significant fines and imprisonment.

[Contact information for subscription and website links]
TROUT FISHING REGULATIONS

REGIONAL OPENING DAY OF TROUT SEASON

The trout season begins earlier in 18 southeastern Pennsylvania counties. In these counties (and designated waters crossing into these counties), trout season will begin 8 a.m., March 30. Unless otherwise specified by special regulation, inland daily limits and minimum sizes apply.

Stocked trout waters in the Southeast, Southcentral, Northcentral and Northeast Regions that have this early opening day are listed beginning on page 22.

STOCKED TROUT WATERS

Many streams, lakes, ponds and reservoirs are officially classified as “stocked trout waters.” This means that these waters contain significant portions that are open to public fishing and are stocked with trout. The waters listed here are open to trout harvest during the “extended season” (see page 10). Unlisted tributary streams (those not included in this list of “stocked trout waters”) are not open to harvest of trout during the “extended season.” Only stocked trout waters and all waters downstream of stocked trout waters are open during this period. Spearing fish is not permitted in any of these waters at any time of the year.

These waters are closed to all fishing (including taking of minnows) from March 1 to 8 a.m. on the opening day of the trout season. A person shall be deemed to be fishing if he or she has in possession any fishing line, rod or other device that can be used for fishing while on or in any water or on the banks within 25 feet of any water where fishing is prohibited. Unless geographically designated in the Region Regulated Trout Waters section, the term trout-stocked waters includes the entire stream from headwaters to mouth.

Special note: Although the list was up to date at the time this booklet was printed, it is possible that some streams may later be deleted or added as “stocked trout waters” because of last-minute changes in water quality conditions. Check with the nearest Pennsylvania Fish & Boat Commission office (see page 3) if there is any question about whether or not a water area is “stocked.”

Streams designated as both Class A Wild Trout Streams and Stocked Trout Waters

Stream sections that are designated as both Stocked Trout Waters and Class A Wild Trout Streams located within the Regular Opening Day of Trout Season area are closed to fishing from March 1 to 8 a.m. on the Regular Opening Day of Trout Season. Stream sections that are designated as both Stocked Trout Waters and Class A Wild Trout Streams located within the Extended Season of Trout Season area are closed to fishing from March 1 to 8 a.m. on the Regular Opening Day of Trout Season. Stream Sections Governed by These Regulations: Open to fishing from March 1 to opening day of trout season; however, no trout may be taken or possessed on these waters during this period. It is unlawful to fish in rivers and streams designated as stocked trout waters open to year-round fishing without a current trout/salmon permit. A trout/salmon permit is not required to fish in lakes and ponds that have been designated as stocked trout waters open to year-round fishing unless the person takes, kills or possesses, while in the act of fishing, a trout or salmon on or in these waters.

STOCKED TROUT WATERS OPEN TO YEAR-ROUND FISHING

Waters with this designation are considered “stocked trout waters.” From 8 a.m. opening day of trout through Sept. 2, Commonwealth inland sizes and creel limits apply. From Jan. 1 through Feb. 28, and from Sept. 3 through Dec. 31, “extended season” sizes and creel limits apply. These waters are open to fishing from March 1 to opening day of trout season; however, no trout may be taken or possessed on these waters during this period. It is unlawful to fish in rivers and streams designated as stocked trout waters open to year-round fishing without a current trout/salmon permit. A trout/salmon permit is not required to fish in lakes and ponds that have been designated as stocked trout waters open to year-round fishing unless the person takes, kills or possesses, while in the act of fishing, a trout or salmon on or in these waters.
The Commission establishes specially regulated areas on some trout waters. These specially regulated areas are assigned to one of the programs on this page with the regulations for each program included. These program regulations apply only to those waters designated by the Commission as being part of that program, not to all trout waters. When applicable, a list of specially regulated waters appears at the end of the stocked trout waters section for each region of the state.

### DELAYED HARVEST ARTIFICIAL LURES ONLY

- Open to fishing year-round.
- Fishing is permitted on a 24-hour basis.
- Minimum size – 9 inches, caught on or in possession on, the waters under these regulations from June 15 through Labor Day.
- The daily creel limit is three trout (combined species) from June 15 through Labor Day, caught on or in possession on the waters under these regulations. From the day after Labor Day until June 15, the daily creel limit is zero.
- Fishing may be done with artificial lures only constructed of metal, plastic, rubber or wood, or with flies and streamers constructed of natural or synthetic materials. All such lures may be used with spinning or fly fishing gear.
- Taking baitfish or fishbait is prohibited.
- An angler in a boat may possess bait and fish caught in compliance with the seasons, sizes and creel limits in effect for a water from which it was taken, provided that the boat angler floats through the Delayed Harvest Artificial Lures Only area without stopping or engaging in the act of fishing or the boat angler puts in or takes out his boat at an access point within the Delayed Harvest Artificial Lures Only area.
- A current trout/salmon permit is required.

### CATCH AND RELEASE ARTIFICIAL LURES ONLY

- Open to fishing year-round.
- Fishing is permitted on a 24-hour basis.
- Use or possession of any other lures or substance is prohibited.
- No trout may be killed or had in possession.
- Fishing may be done with artificial lures only constructed of metal, plastic, rubber or wood, or with flies and streamers constructed of natural or synthetic materials. All such lures may be used with spinning or fly fishing gear.
- Wading is permitted unless otherwise posted.
- Taking baitfish or fishbait is prohibited.
- An angler in a boat may possess bait and fish caught in compliance with the seasons, sizes and creel limits in effect for a water from which it was taken, provided that the boat angler floats through the Catch and Release area without stopping or engaging in the act of fishing or the boat angler puts in or takes out his boat at an access point within the Catch and Release area.
- A current trout/salmon permit is required.

### CATCH AND RELEASE FLY-FISHING ONLY

- Open to fishing year-round.
- Fishing is permitted on a 24-hour basis.
- No trout may be killed or had in possession.
- Fishing may be done with artificial flies and streamers constructed of natural or synthetic materials, so long as all flies are constructed in a normal fashion with components wound on or about the hook. Fishing must be done with tackle limited to fly rods, fly reels and fly line with a maximum of 18 feet in leader material of monofilament line attached. Anything other than these items is prohibited.
- Taking baitfish or fishbait is prohibited.
- Wading is permitted unless otherwise posted.
- An angler in a boat may possess bait and fish caught in compliance with the seasons, sizes and creel limits in effect for a water from which it was taken, provided that the boat angler floats through the Catch and Release Fly-Fishing Only area without stopping or engaging in the act of fishing or the boat angler puts in or takes out his boat at an access point within the Catch and Release Fly-Fishing Only area.
- A current trout/salmon permit is required.

### CATCH AND RELEASE ALL TACKLE

- Open to fishing year-round.
- Fishing is permitted on a 24-hour basis.
- No trout may be killed or had in possession.
- Fishing may be done with artificial lures, flies or streamers, natural bait, baitfish and fishbait. Spinning or fly fishing gear may be used in these areas.
- An angler in a boat may possess bait and fish caught in compliance with the seasons, sizes and creel limits in effect for a water from which it was taken, provided that the boat angler floats through the Catch and Release All Tackle area without stopping or engaging in the act of fishing or the boat angler puts in or takes out his boat at an access point within the All Tackle area.
- A current trout/salmon permit is required.

### ALL TACKLE TROPHY TROUT

- Open to fishing year-round.
- Fishing is permitted on a 24-hour basis.
- Minimum size – 14 inches, caught on, or in possession on, the waters under these regulations from 8 a.m. on the opening day of the regular trout season through Labor Day.
- The daily creel limit is two trout – combined species except for the period from the day after Labor Day to 8 a.m. of the first Saturday after April 11 of the following year, when no trout may be killed or had in possession.
- There are no tackle restrictions.
- An angler in a boat may possess bait and fish caught in compliance with the seasons, sizes and creel limits in effect for a water from which it was taken, provided that the boat angler floats through the All Tackle Trophy Trout area without stopping or engaging in the act of fishing or the boat angler puts in or takes out his boat at an access point within the All Tackle Trophy Trout area.
- A current trout/salmon permit is required.
- The regulations apply to trout only; all other species, inland regulations apply.

### TROPHY TROUT ARTIFICIAL LURES ONLY

- Open to fishing year-round.
- Fishing is permitted on a 24-hour basis.
- Minimum size – 14 inches, caught on, or in possession on, the waters under these regulations from 8 a.m. on the opening day of the regular trout season through Labor Day.
- The daily creel limit is two trout – combined species except for the period from the day after Labor Day to 8 a.m. of the first Saturday after April 11 of the following year, when no trout may be killed or had in possession.
- Fishing may be done with artificial lures only, constructed of metal, plastic, rubber or wood, or with flies and streamers constructed of natural or synthetic materials. All lures may be used with spinning or fly fishing gear.
- Taking baitfish or fishbait is prohibited.
- An angler in a boat may possess bait and fish caught in compliance with the seasons, sizes and creel limits in effect for a water from which it was taken, provided that the boat angler floats through the Trophy Trout area without stopping or engaging in the act of fishing or the boat angler puts in or takes out his boat at an access point within the Trophy Trout area.
- A current trout/salmon permit is required.

The Keystone Select Stocked Trout Waters program provides anglers with an exciting opportunity to fish for larger trout. Under the program, approximately 6,500 large trout, 2-to 3-years old and measuring between 14 to 20 inches, will be distributed among these select waters under the Delayed Harvest Artificial Lures Only special regulation. These larger trout are stocked only during the spring stocking periods to coincide with the period of peak angler use. As with many waters managed under Delayed Harvest Artificial Lures Only special regulation, not all of the waters managed under the Keystone Select Stocked Trout Waters program receive a fall stocking. Fall stocking is limited to stream sections that act as destination fisheries and tend to provide better angler use at this time of year. Currently, 12 of the 22 stream sections in this program receive a fall stocking. In the stocked trout water listings on the following pages, look for the red keystone, which indicates that this water is a Keystone Select Stocked Trout Water.*

*Special regulation waters appear on pages 22 through 29 after each region’s section of stocked trout waters.
SOUTHEAST REGION TROUT WATERS

REGIONAL OPENING DAY OF TROUT SEASON STOCKED TROUT WATERS

OPENING DAY: MARCH 30

BERKS:
  Antietam Creek
  Antietam Reservoir
  Furnace Creek (Robesonia)
  Hay Creek
  Kistler Creek
  Little Lehigh Creek
  Little Swatara Creek
  Maiden Creek (confluence with Kistler Creek in Kempton downstream to dam in Lenhartsville)
  Manatawny Creek
  Mill Creek (trib to Sacoy Creek)
  Mill Creek (trib to Schuylkill River)
  Mill Creek (trib to Tulpehocken Creek)
  Northkill Creek
  Ontelaunee Creek (Spring House Road Bridge (SR 4024 downstream to mouth)
  Perkiomen Creek
  Pine Creek (trib to Maiden Creek)
  Sacoy Creek (Bowers Road (T-616) downstream to SR 222 Kutztown By-pass)
  Scotts Run Lake
  Spring Creek
  Tulpehocken Creek (Marion Twp R & G Club downstream to vicinity of Charming Forge Rd.)
  West Branch Conestoga River (approximately 350 yards above powerhouse, downstream to mouth in Morgantown)
  Willow Creek
  Wyomissing Creek (throughout Mohnton downstream to SR 0222)

BUCKS:
  Delaware Canal (Two Sections: Upper Washington Crossing State Park and Lower Washington Crossing State Park downstream to Ferry Road in Morrisville)
  East Branch Perkiomen Creek (Branch Road Bridge (T-431) downstream through Sellersville)
  Levittown Lake
  Neshaminy Creek (Two sections: Valley Road to Mill Road near Jamison and from the dam at the causeway in Tyler State Park downstream to the bridge on SR 332)
  Tohickon Creek (Dark Hollow Rd. to mouth)
  Unami Creek (Milford Township Park downstream to Trumbauersville Road (SR 4051))

CHESTER:
  Beaver Creek (at Downingtown)
  Big Elk Creek
  Buck Run (Compass Rd. downstream to SR 372)
  East Branch Brandywine Creek (SR 4031 in Glenmoore downstream to U.S. Business Route 30 in Downingtown)
  East Branch Elk Creek
  East Branch White Clay Creek
  French Creek
  Middle Branch White Clay Creek
  Pickering Creek
  Pocopson Creek
  West Branch Brandywine Creek (SR 4005 Cedar Knoll downstream to SR 0340)
  West Valley Creek
  White Clay Creek

DELWARE:
  Chester Creek (confluence of West Branch Chester Creek downstream to Bridgewater Road (SR 3018))
  Chester Creek (upstream from confluence with West Branch - inseason only)
  Darby Creek (0.5 mile upstream confluence with Little Darby Creek downstream to Hilldale Road)
  Ithan Creek
  Little Darby Creek
  Ridley Creek (Two sections: 1.25 miles upstream from Gradyville Rd. downstream to falls in Ridley Creek State Park and Brookhaven Rd. downstream to Chesterbrook Street)
  West Branch Chester Creek

LANCASTER:
  Big Beaver Creek
  Bowery Run
  Conowingo Creek (T-341 Black Bear Rd. downstream to Black Barron Rd.)
  Conoy Creek (Saegerville Rd. downstream to mouth)
  East Branch Octoraro Creek (Steelwell Rd. downstream to Knight Run confluence - inseason only)
  Fishing Creek
  Hammer Creek
  Indian Run
  Little Beaver Creek
  Little Chiques Creek
  Little Cocalico Creek
  Little Conestoga Creek (powerline upstream of Miller Road (T-707) downstream to Harrisburg Pike (SR 4020))
  Little Muddy Creek (Bowermansville Rd. downstream to 150 yards, below SR 897)
  Meetinghouse Creek
  Middle Creek (PGC’s Middle Creek Dam downstream to W. Lime Rock Rd.)
  Muddy Creek (Pleasant Valley Road downstream to SR 897)
  Muddy Run (most northern SR 772 crossing Intercourse downstream to powerline above Monterey Rd.)
  Pequea Creek (Warner Drive (T-515) downstream to 110 yards downstream of School Lane (T-948))
  Rock Run (Bowermansville)
  Stewart Run
  Swarr Run (Yellow Goose Road downstream to SR 0741)
  Swart Run (beneath SR 897)
  Wissahickon Creek

MONTGOMERY:
  Bear Creek
  Deep Creek
  Little Catawissa Creek
  Little Mahanoy Creek
  Little Schuylkill River (Sections: from confluence with Locust Creek downstream to waterfall off West Branch at Bald Eagle Dam; from mouth upstream to 2.0 miles within Pine Creek)
  Lizard Creek
  Locust Creek

PHILADELPHIA:
  Bushkill Creek
  Hokendauqua Creek
  Indian Creek
  Jacoby Creek
  Lehigh Canal (0.6 mile downstream of Carbon County line downstream to confluence with Bertsch Creek, and first lock upstream of Monocacy Creek crossing downstream to confluence with Nancy Run Crossing)
  Little Bushkill Creek
  Martins Creek
  Monocacy Creek
  Saucon Creek

SOUTHEAST REGION REGULATED TROUT WATERS

STOCKED TROUT WATERS OPEN TO YEAR-ROUND FISHING

BERKS:
  Tulepehocken Creek (from covered bridge at T-921 downstream to the mouth)
  Kaercher Creek Dam

BUCKS:
  Lake Luxembourg

LANCASTER:
  Muddy Run Rec Lake

SCHUYLKILL:
  Sweet Arrow Lake
  Tucarora Lake (fall stocking)

CATCH AND RELEASE ALL TACKLE

CHESTER/MONTGOMERY:
  Valley Creek – 1.19 miles; from the dam at Binney and Smith downstream to the 13th Street Bridge

CATCH AND RELEASE FLY-FISHING ONLY

CHESTER:
  French Creek – 0.9 mile; from the dam at Camp Sleepy Hollow downstream to Hollow Road

DELWARE:
  Ridley Creek – 0.6 mile; from the falls in Ridley Creek State Park downstream to the mouth of Dismal Run

LANCASTER:
  Donegal Creek – 2.21 miles; from 275 yards below SR 772 downstream to T-334

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<<Section(s) of this Stocked Trout Water is also a Class A Wild Trout Stream-see chart on page 20 for listing.>>
West Branch Octoraro Creek – 2.0 miles; From 30 yards downstream of SR 0472 downstream to 230 yards upstream of the second unannamed tributary downstream of SR 2010 (Puseyville Road)

LEHIGH:
- Little Lehigh Creek – 1.54 miles; from the downstream face of the bridge on T-508 (Wild Cherry Lane) downstream to the upstream face of the bridge on T-510 (Millrace Road)
- Little Lehigh Creek – 0.83 mile; from the upstream face of Fish Hatchery Road bridge downstream to near the Oxford Dr. Bridge

TROPHY TROUT ARTIFICIAL LURES ONLY

NORTHAMPTON:
- Monocacy Creek – 2.21 miles; from Ilick’s Mill Dam upstream to and including the Gertrude Fox Conservation Area
- Saucon Creek – 2.1 miles; from the upstream boundary of the city of Bethlehem property downstream to the SR 0412 bridge

DELAYED HARVEST ARTIFICIAL LURES ONLY

BERKS:
- Tulpehocken Creek – 3.8 miles; from the first deflector below Blue Marsh Dam downstream to the T-921 covered bridge

CHESTER:
- East Branch Brandywine Creek – 1.2 miles; from SR 4019 (Dorlan’s Mill Road) downstream to SR 4004 (Dowlin Forge Road)

SOUTHEAST/SOUTHCENTRAL REGIONS

REGIONAL OPENING DAY OF TROUT SEASON STOCKED TROUT WATERS

OPENING DAY: MARCH 30

ADAMS:
- Bermudian Creek
- Carbaugh Run
- Conewago Creek (SR 0234 Bridge downstream to SR 3001)
- Conococheague Creek
- East Branch Antietam Creek
- Latimore Creek
- Little Marsh Creek
- Marsh Creek (SR 3011 downstream to SR 0030)
- Middle Creek
- Opossum Creek
- Ortanna Pond
- Toms Creek (Mount Hope Road Bridge (T-300) downstream to SR 0116)
- Waynesboro Reservoir

CUMBERLAND:
- Big Spring Creek
- Childrens Lake (Boiling Springs)
- Doubling Gap Lake
- Fuller Lake
- Green Spring Creek
- Laurel Lake
- Middle Spring Creek
- Mountain Creek
- Opossum Lake
- Yellow Breeches Creek

DAUPHIN:
- Armstrong Creek
- Clark Creek
- Mahantango Creek
- Manada Creek
- Middletown Reservoir
- Pine Creek
- Powell Creek
- Rattling Creek

SOUTHCENTRAL REGION REGULATED TROUT WATERS

OPENING DAY: APRIL 13

BEDFORD:
- Beaver Creek
- Bobs Creek
- Clear Creek
- Cove Creek
- Evitts Creek
- Gladdens Run
- Little Wills Creek
- Maple Run
- Raystown Branch Juniata River (county line downstream to confluence with Shobers Run)
- Sherman Valley Run

BEAVER:
- Bear Creek – 1.74 miles; from a cable 800 yards above T-662 downstream to the downstream side of the bridge on T-676
- Little Schuykill River – 1.7 miles; from SR 0895 in New Ringgold downstream to the T-848 Bridge near Rauschs

SOUTH CENTRAL REGIONS STOCKED TROUT WATERS

OPENING DAY: APRIL 13

LEBANON:
- Bachman Run
- Conewago Creek (first SR 241 bridge NE of Lawn to Little Conewago)
- Hammer Creek
- Indiantown Run
- Lions Lake
- Martique Lake
- Mill Creek
- Quittapahilla Creek
- Snitz Creek
- Stovers Lake
- Trout Run
- Tulpehocken Creek

PIER:
- Bixler Run
- Buffalo Creek (Heritage Hills Road Bridge (T-326) downstream to SR 0849 Bridge downstream of Walnut Grove)
- Bull Run
- Fishing Creek
- Fowler Hollow Run
- Horse Valley Run
- Laurel Run (Liberty Valley Run)
- Little Buffallo Creek (Mannsville Road Bridge (SR 4003) downstream to mouth)
- Little Juniata Creek
- McCabe Run
- Montour Creek
- Panther Creek
- Raccoon Creek
- Sherman Creek (lower Tuscara State Forest boundary downstream to Couchtown Road Bridge (SR 3008) at Cisna Run)
- Shultz Creek (Browns Run)

YORK:
- Bald Eagle Creek
- Beaver Creek
- Codorus Creek (Tannery Road (T-399) downstream to confluence with West Branch Codorus Creek)
- Deer Creek
- East Branch Codorus Creek
- Fishing Creek (trib to Susquehanna River near Crayel)
- Fishing Creek (trib to Susquehanna River near Goldsboro)
- Muddy Creek (confluence of North Branch Muddy Creek and South Branch Muddy Creek downstream to powerline crossing 1.6 miles downstream of SR 0425 in Woodbine)
- North Branch Muddy Creek
- Otter Creek
- Sheppard-Myers Reservoir
- South Branch Codorus Creek
- South Branch Muddy Creek
- Yellow Breeches Creek

=Section of this Stocked Trout Water is also a Class A Wild Trout Stream—see chart on page 20 for listing.

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SOUTHCENTRAL/SOUTHWEST REGIONS

South Branch Little Aughwick Creek
Spring Run
Wooden Bridge Creek
HUNTINGDON:
  Blacklog Creek (from county line downstream to mouth)
  Globe Run
  Great Trough Creek (Newburg Park Road Bridge (T-370)
downstream to 200 yards downstream of former dam)
  Greenwood Lake
  Laurel Run
  Lake Perez
  North Branch Little Aughwick Creek (Nine Mile Creek)
  North Spring Branch
  Saddler Creek
  Shade Creek
  Shaver Creek (Perez Lake downstream to SR 305 bridge at Bethel Church)
  Standing Stone Creek (Penn Roosevelt Dam downstream to powerline crossing 400 yards downstream of SR 0026 Black’s Bridge)
  Three Springs Creek
  Tuscarora Creek
  West Licking Creek
  Whipple Lake

MIFFLIN:
  East Licking Creek
  Havic Creek
  Honey Creek (from the lower boundary of the Delayed Harvest Area downstream to SR 1002 Bridge 0.5 mile downstream of confluence with Treaster Run)
  • Kishacoquillas Creek (Bunker Road Bridge (T-340) downstream to railroad Bridge at Yeagertown and Mill Street Bridge downstream to mouth)

Lingle Creek
Meadow Creek
Strodes Run
Treasater Run
West Licking Creek

STOCKED TROUT WATERS OPEN TO YEAR-ROUND FISHING

BEDFORD:
Koon Lake
BLAIR:
Canoe Creek Lake

CUMBERLAND:
Mountain Creek (from Adams County line downstream to backwaters of Laurel Lake)

DAUPHIN/LEBANON:
  Stony Creek (from .4-mile upstream of Cold Spring Road downstream to State Game Lands #211 gate)
  LEBANON:
    Lakeside Quarry
  PERRY:
    Little Buffalo Lake (Holman Lake)
  YORK:
    South Branch Codorus Creek (from SR 0616 in Centerville downstream to T-527)

CATCH AND RELEASE ARTIFICIAL LURES ONLY

CUMBERLAND:
  Yellow Breeches Creek–1.17 miles; 0.17 miles of the Unnamed Tributary to Yellow Breeches Creek (from the outfall of Children’s Lake to the confluence with Yellow Breeches Creek at Boiling Springs) and 1.0 mile of Yellow Breeches Creek from the confluence with the Unnamed Tributary at Boiling Springs downstream to the vicinity of Allenberry

HUNTINGDON:
  Spruce Creek–0.5 mile; Penn State Experimental Fisheries Area (about 0.6 mile above the village of Spruce Creek)

MIFFLIN/UNION:
  • Penns Creek–7.45 miles; from approximately 600 meters downstream of Swift Run downstream to the downstream extent of the island near the end of Jolly Grove Lane

CATCH AND RELEASE ALL TACTILE

BLAIR/HUNTINGDON:
  Little Juniata River–13.7 miles from the railroad bridge at the east (downstream) border of Ironville downstream to mouth

FLY-FISHING ONLY

ADAMS:
  • Conewago Creek –1.1 miles; from 0.1 mile downstream of T-340 (Russel Tavern Rd.) downstream to SR 34

BEDFORD:
  • Yellow Creek – 0.9 mile from mouth of Maple Run (Jacks Run) upstream to cable near Red Bank Hill

CUMBERLAND:
  • Big Spring Creek – 1.52 miles; from 100 feet below the source (Big Spring) downstream to the Nealy Road Bridge
  • Green Spring Creek – 1.2 mile; from mouth upstream to near confluence with Bulls Head Branch

DUMAN/L. Geisel property

YORK:
  • Muddy Creek – 1.6 miles; from 300 yards downstream of Bruce Road Bridge (T-628) in Bruce downstream to 300 yards upstream of Bridgeton Road (SR 2032) Bridge in Bridgeton

TROPHY TROUT ARTIFICIAL LURES ONLY

YORK:
  • Codorus Creek – 2.0 miles; from the confluence of the West Branch downstream to a point that is .4 mile downstream from SR 3082 (Porters Road)

SOUTHWEST REGION REGULATED TROUT WATERS

STOCKED TROUT WATERS

OPENING DAY: APRIL 13

ALLEGHENY:
  • Big Sewickley Creek (from headwaters downstream to Merriman Avenue)
  • Bull Creek
  • Deer Creek
  • Flaugherty Run
  • Long Run
  • Lower Deer Lake
  • Middle Deer Lake
  • Montour Run

Pine Creek (from headwaters downstream to East Pennview Avenue)
Turtle Creek (from headwaters downstream to SR 48 on Mossier Blvd)
West Deer Lake (Upper Deer Lake)

ARMSTRONG:
  • Buffalo Creek (from headwaters downstream to Little Buffalo Creek)
  • Cherry Run
  • Complanter Run
  • Cowanshannock Creek
  • Glade Run
  • Huling Run

Little Sandy Creek
North Fork Pine Creek
Patterson Creek
Plum Creek
Redbank Creek (county line to confluence with Little Sandy Creek)
Scrubgrass Creek
South Fork Pine Creek

BEAVER:
  • Big Sewickley Creek (from headwaters downstream to Merriman Avenue)
  • Brush Creek Park Pond
  • Mill Creek
  • North Fork Big Sewickley Creek

North Fork Little Beaver Creek (county line downstream to 100 meters downstream of SR 551 Bridge)
South Branch Brady Run
Traverse Creek

CAMBRIA:
  • Beavardam Run
  • Bens Creek
  • Chest Creek
  • Clearfield Creek (confluence with Beavardam Run downstream to 330 yards downstream of T-510 Bridge at Condron)
  • Duman Lake

Elton Sportsmens Dam
Hinchiston Run
Howells Run
Kibbuck Run
Lake Rowena
Laurel Lick Run
Laurel Run (trib to Conemaugh River)
Laurel Run (trib to South Fork Little Conemaugh River)
Little Paint Creek
Noels Creek
North Branch Blacklick Creek
North Branch Little Conemaugh River
Stewart Run

DAUPHIN:
  • Manada Creek – 1.8 miles; from Fogarty Road downstream to Furnace Road (T-616)
  • Wiconisco Creek–0.74 mile; from the western edge of the Ned Smith Center for Nature and Art Walking Bridge downstream to the waterline crossing located 1.7 miles upstream from the mouth

FRANKLIN:
  • Failing Spring Branch– 1.02 miles; from Walker Road downstream to Fifth Avenue

FULTON:
  • Big Cove Creek– 0.93 mile; from 200 yards downstream of the SR 0928 bridge downstream to the lower Buchanan State Forest boundary

JUNIATA/MIFFLIN:
  • East Licking Creek – 4.0 miles; from the Texas Eastern gas pipeline crossing downstream to the upstream boundary of the Karl B. Guss State Forest Picnic Area

LEBANON:
  • Quitapapilla Creek – 1.1 miles; from Spruce Street Bridge on T-398 downstream to the SR 0934 Bridge

MIFFLIN:
  • Honey Creek – 1.75 miles; from the upper Bald Eagle St. Forest boundary downstream 1.75 miles
FAYETTE:  Back Creek  Big Sandy Creek  Chaney Run  Dunbar Creek  Dunlap Creek (from headwaters downstream to Mon-Fayette Expressway)  Georges Creek (headwaters downstream to York Run)  Indian Creek  Meadow Run  Mill Run (tributary to Indian Creek)  Mountain Creek  Virgin Run Lake
GREENE:  Browns Creek (Bates Fork “Sycamore” downstream to mouth)  Dunkard Fork  Enlow Fork  Lake Wilma  North Fork Dunkard Fork  South Fork Dunkard Fork  Whiteley Creek (headwaters downstream to SR 0088)
INDIANA:  Blacklegs Creek  Brush Creek  Canoe Creek  Cush Creek  Cush Cushion Creek  Laurel Run  Little Mahoning Creek (intersection of T-836 and SR 1037 at Antioch Church to 700 meters downstream)  West Mahoning and North Mahoning Township Line)  Little Yellow Creek  Mudlick Run  South Branch Two Lick Creek  Toms Run  Yellow Creek
SOMERSET:  Allen Creek  Beaverdam Creek  Beaverdam Run  Bens Creek  Breastwork Run  Brush Creek  Casselman River (from MD - PA state line downstream to Moser Road (T-353) Bridge)  Clear Shade Creek  Cub Run  Elk Lick Creek  Flaugherty Creek  Gladdens Run  Glade Run  Jones Mill Run  Kimberly Run  Kooser Lake  Kooser Run  Laurel Hill Creek  Little Piney Creek  McClintock Run  Middle Creek  Miller Run  Piney Creek  Piney Run  Raystown Branch Juniata River  Shafer Run  Shaffers Run  South Fork Bens Creek  Stonycreek River (from Yonai Road (T-515) Bridge downstream to railroad retaining wall 0.25 mile downstream of Covered Bridge Road (T-565)  Tub Mill Run  Whites Creek  Willis Creek  WASHINGTON:  Aunt Clara Fork  Dutch Fork  Dutch Fork Lake  Enlow Fork  Kings Creek  Little Chartiers Creek  Millers Run  Mingo Creek  Pike Run  Templeton Fork  Tenmile Creek (from SR 0018 downstream to SR 0019)
WESTMORELAND:  Fourmile Run  Hannas Run  Hendricks Creek  Indian Creek (from the SR 381 bridge in Jones Mill downstream to Mill Run Reservoir)  Indian Lake  Jacobs Creek (from Acme Dam downstream to Bridgeport Dam)  Linn Run  Loyalhanna Creek (from Zimmerman Run downstream to the confluence of the Casmellan River)

STOCKED TROUT WATERS OPEN TO YEAR-ROUND FISHING
ALLEGHENY:  North Park Lake  ARMSTRONG:  Mahoning Creek (Mahoning Creek Dam outflow downstream to the confluence of Pine Run)  BEAVER:  Brady Run Lake  Main Lake (Raccoon Lake)  FAYETTE:  Dunlap Creek Lake  FAYETE/SOMERSET:  Youghihogery River (from the lake downstream to the confluence of the Casmellan River)
INDIANA:  Cummins Reservoir (Blue Spruce Lake)  SOMERSET:  Blue Hole Creek (from confluence with Gans Run downstream to mouth)  Fall Creek (from confluence with Ansell Run downstream to mouth)  Laurel Hill Lake  WASHINGTON:  Canonsburg Lake  WESTMORELAND:  Keystone Lake  Northmoreland Lake  Twin Lakes Number One Reservoir (Lower Twin Lake)  Twin Lakes Number Two Reservoir (Upper Twin Lake)

CATCH AND RELEASE FLY-FISHING ONLY
FAYETTE:  Dunbar Creek – 4.22 miles; from the confluence of Glade Run downstream to the stone quarry along SR 1055  INDIANA:  Little Mahoning Creek – 3.6 miles; from Oberlin Road Bridge abutments upstream of SR 1041 Bridge upstream to Cesna Run  SOMERSET:  Clear Shade Creek – 1 mile; from the cable at Windber Water Dam upstream

CATCH AND RELEASE ALL TACKLE
CAMBRIA/INDIANA:  West Branch Susquehanna River (from outflow of AMD treatment plant near Watkins downstream to confluence of Clear Creek near Dowler Junction)  ALL TACKLE TROPHY TROUT PROJECTS
FAYETE/SOMERSET:  Youghihogery River – 9.16 miles; from the confluence with Ramcat Run downstream to the Route 381 bridge at Ohiopyle

DELAYED HARVEST ARTIFICIAL LURES ONLY
ALLEGHENY:  Deer Creek – 1.9 miles; from the SR 0910 Bridge at T-678 intersection downstream to the lower boundary of Rose Ridge Golf Course  Pine Creek – 1.4 miles; from the abandoned railroad bridge near the T-575 and Duncan Ave. intersection downstream to 150 yards downstream of the SR 4019 bridge  Bull Creek – 1.0 mile; from the first bridge on T-721 (above the T-721 and T-719 intersection) downstream to the T-721 bridge in Millerstown

NORTHWEST REGION REGULATED TROUT WATERS

STOCKED TROUT WATERS
OPENING DAY: APRIL 13

BUTLER:  Bear Creek  Bonnie Brook  Buffalo Creek  Connoquenessing Creek  Complanter Run (county line to Moorehead Road (T-686))  Glade Run Lake  Harbar Acres Lake  Little Buffalo Run  Little Connoquenessing Creek  North Branch Slippery Rock Creek  Silver Creek  Slippery Rock Creek  Thorn Creek  CLARION:  Beaver Creek  Canoe Creek  Cathers Run  Coon Creek  East Sandy Creek  Leatherwood Creek  Mill Creek  Pinney Creek  Redbank Creek (county line to confluence with Little Sandy Creek)  Richery Run  Toms Run  Turkey Run  CRAWFORD:  Caldwell Creek  Conneau Creek  (Dicksonburg Road (SR 4004) downstream to Missing Bridge (Pensdale Road))  East Branch Oil Creek (Clear Lake outflow downstream to mouth)

ARMSTRONG/BUTLER:  Buffalo Creek – 3.7 miles; from Little Buffalo Run downstream to 0.6 mile above SR 4035 in Craigsville  CAMBRIA:  Chest Creek – 1.8 miles; from the northern Patton borough line downstream to the SR 4022 bridge at Thomas Mills  FAYETE:  Meadow Run – 2.2 miles; from the SR 2011 bridge (Dinner Bell Road) adjacent to the Ohiopyle St. Park office downstream to mouth  SOMERSET:  Laurel Hill Creek – 1.26 miles; from the footbridge on State Game Lands #111 Road in Humbird downstream to Paddytown Hollow Run  WASHINGTON:  Dutch Fork – 1.59 miles; from the first bridge (SR 0070) upstream of the Columbia Gas Compressor Station downstream to the Dutch Fork Lake backwaters at T-487 bridge just off SR 3001 (Lake Road)  Pike Run – 1.1 miles; from the confluence with the unnamed tributary upstream of the SR 2079 bridge downstream to the powerline crossing downstream of the SR 2036 bridge  WESTMORELAND:  Indian Creek – 1.6 miles; from the T-916 bridge downstream to the SR 0381 bridge  Loyalhanna Creek – 1.67 miles; from SR 711 downstream to SR 2045 (Two Mile Run Road)
NORTHWEST/NORTHCENTRAL REGIONS

Sugar Creek (Center Road (T-549 downstream to county line))
Thompson Creek (SR 2031 downstream to mouth)
Woodcock Creek
ERIE:
Cascade Creek
Conneaut Creek
Crooked Creek
East Basin Pond (Waterworks Ponds, Presque Isle State Park)
Elk Creek
French Creek (from the state line downstream to the confluence with West Branch French Creek)
Lake Pleasant
South Branch French Creek
Twomile Creek
Upper Gravel Pit
West Basin Pond (Waterworks Ponds, Presque Isle State Park)

FOREST:
Upper Gravel Pit

REGIONAL OPENING DAY OF TROUT SEASON
STOCKED TROUT WATERS

OPENING DAY: MARCH 30

These waters flow beyond the counties designated as part of the Regional Opening Day of Trout and are included as part of this trout program.

NORTHERN: Mahanango Creek
SNYDER:
West Branch Mahanango Creek

STOCKED TROUT WATERS

OPENING DAY: APRIL 13

Cameron:
Brooks Run
Clear Creek
Driftwood Branch
Sinnemahoning Creek
East Branch Cowley Run
First Fork Sinnemahoning Creek
Hicks Run
Mix Run
North Creek
Sinnemahoning Portage Creek
West Branch Cowley Run
West Branch Hicks Run
Wykoff Run
CENTRE:
Bald Eagle Creek (T-305 near Port Matilda downstream to the confluence with Spring Creek)

Little Sandy Creek
Little Scrubgrass Creek
Little Sugar Creek
Lower Twomile Run
Mill Creek
Oak Creek (county line downstream to SR 008 Bridge at Rynd Farm)
Pine Run
Pithole Creek
Prather Creek
Richey Run
Sandy Creek (county line downstream to SR 3013 (old Route 8) Bridge in Pecan)
Sugar Creek
Twomile Run (Upper Twomile Run)
West Pithole Creek

WARREN:
Akeley Run
Blue Eye Run
Brokenstraw Creek
Browns Run
Caldwell Creek
East Branch Spring Creek
East Branch Tionesta Creek
East Hickory Creek
Farnsworth Branch
Fourmile Run
Hemlock Run
Jackson Run
Little Brokenstraw Creek
Perry Magee Run
Pine Creek
Queen Creek
Sixmile Run
South Branch Tionesta Creek
Spring Creek
Thompson Run
Tidloute Creek

Tionesta Creek
Twomile Run
West Branch Caldwell Creek
West Branch Tionesta Creek
West Hickory Creek

STOCKED TROUT WATERS OPEN TO YEAR-ROUND FISHING

FOREST:
Tionesta Creek (from Tionesta Dam outflow downstream)

LAWRENCE:
Cascade Quarry

MERCER:
- Shenango River (Hamburg Road Bridge in New Hamburg to pipeline crossing upstream of Big Bend access area)

VENANGO:
Two Mile Run Reservoir
(Justus Lake)

CATCH AND RELEASE
ARTIFICIAL LURES ONLY

WARREN:
West Branch Caldwell Creek – 2.75 miles; West Branch Bridge upstream to Three Bridge Run

VENANGO:
Little Sandy Creek – 1.3 miles; from the old bridge at Polk Center Pump House downstream to the bridge on Savannah Road (SR 3024)

WARREN:
Caldwell Creek – 1.49 miles; from Selbstky highway bridge downstream to approximately 0.5 miles upstream of the Dotyville Bridge

DELAYED HARVEST ARTIFICIAL LURES ONLY

CLARION:
Piney Creek – 1.2 miles; SR 2016 bridge downstream to 0.2 mile upstream of the SR 0066 bridge

FOREST:
East Hickory Creek – 1.7 miles; from the Queen Creek Bridge downstream to the Otter Creek Bridge

LAWRENCE:
Neshannock Creek – 2.67 miles; from the base of the Mill Dam in Volant downstream to the covered bridge on T-476

MERCER:
Cool Spring Creek – 1.18 miles; from SR 2014 bridge upstream to the abandoned railroad grade

VENANGO:
Oil Creek – 1.55 miles; from bridge at Petroleum Center downstream to railroad bridge at Columbia Farm

Oil Creek – 1.0 mile; from the two green posts near the Drake Well Museum downstream to oil Creek State Park hiking trail bridge

NORTH CENTRAL REGION REGULATED TROUT WATERS

REGIONAL OPENING DAY OF TROUT SEASON
STOCKED TROUT WATERS

OPENING DAY: MARCH 30

These waters flow beyond the counties designated as part of the Regional Opening Day of Trout and are included as part of this trout program.

NORTHERN: Mahanango Creek
SNYDER:
West Branch Mahanango Creek

STOCKED TROUT WATERS

OPENING DAY: APRIL 13

Cameron:
Brooks Run
Clear Creek
Driftwood Branch
Sinnemahoning Creek
East Branch Cowley Run
First Fork Sinnemahoning Creek
Hicks Run
Mix Run
North Creek
Sinnemahoning Portage Creek
West Branch Cowley Run
West Branch Hicks Run
Wykoff Run

CENTRE:
Bald Eagle Creek (from the confluence with Spring Creek near SR 144 bridge downstream to the inlet of Sayers Lake near the Boggs-Howard Township line)
Big Poe Creek
Black Moshannon Creek
Cold Stream (from outflow of Cold Stream Dam upstream 1.0 mile to the power line crossing)
Cold Stream Dam
Eddy Lick Run
Little Fishing Creek (SR 0064 Bridge near Hublersburg downstream to county line)
Marsh Creek
Mountain Branch
Penns Creek (SR 0045 Bridge in Spring Mills downstream to confluence with Elk Creek)
Pine Creek (Stony Run Road Bridge downstream to first bridge on Pine Creek Road)
Poe Lake
Seven Mountains Boy Scout Pond
Sinking Creek
Sixmile Run
South Fork Beech Creek
Wallace Run
White Deer Creek
Wolf Run

CLEARFIELD:
Anderson Creek
Bennett Branch Sinnemahoning Creek
Chest Creek
Curry Run
East Branch Mahoning Creek (confluence with Beech Run downstream to county line)
Gazzam Run
Gifford Run
Goss Run Dam
Janesville Dam
Juniata Lake (Tannery Dam)
Laborde Branch
Laurel Run (tributary to Bennett Branch Sinnemahoning Creek)
Laurel Run (tributary to East Branch Mahoning Creek)
Little Clearfield Creek
Little Muddy Run
Medix Run
Moores Creek
North Witmer Run
<table>
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<tr>
<th>NORTHCENTRAL REGION TROUT WATERS</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>PARKER LAKE:</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>Shaggers Inn Pond</td>
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<tr>
<td>South Wilmot Run</td>
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<tr>
<td>Wolf Run (county line to mouth)</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>CLINTON:</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>Baker Run</td>
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<tr>
<td>Cooks Run</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fishing Creek (confluence with Cedar Run downstream to mouth)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Hynder Run</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kettle Creek (county line downstream to Owl Hollow)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Left Branch Young Womans Creek</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Little Fishing Creek</td>
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<tr>
<td>Young Womans Creek</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>ELK:</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bear Creek</td>
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<tr>
<td>Belmont Run</td>
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<tr>
<td>Bennett Branch</td>
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<tr>
<td>Sinnemahoning Creek</td>
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<tr>
<td>Big Mill Creek</td>
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<tr>
<td>Boggy Run</td>
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<tr>
<td>Byrnes Run</td>
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<tr>
<td>Crooked Creek</td>
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<tr>
<td>Denis Run (Hodag Trail crossing downstream to mouth)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>East Branch Clarion River</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>East Branch Millstone Creek</td>
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<tr>
<td>East Branch Spring Creek</td>
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<td>Elk Creek</td>
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<tr>
<td>Hicks Run</td>
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<td>Hoffman Run</td>
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<td>Laurel Run Reservoir</td>
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<td>Maxwell Run</td>
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<td>Mead Run</td>
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<td>West Branch Hicks Run</td>
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<td>West Branch Millstone Creek</td>
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<tr>
<td>Wilson Run</td>
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<tr>
<td>Wolf Run</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>JEFFERSON:</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Big Run (trib to Little Sandy Creek)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Big Run (trib to Mahoning Creek)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Callen Run</td>
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<td>Canoe Creek</td>
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<td>Cathers Run</td>
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<td>Clear Run</td>
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<tr>
<td>Cloe Lake</td>
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<tr>
<td>East Branch Mahoning Creek</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>FIVEMILE RUN</strong> (trib to Sandy Lick Creek)</td>
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<td>Laurel Run (trib to East Branch Mahoning Creek)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Little Sandy Creek</td>
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<tr>
<td>Little Toby Creek</td>
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<tr>
<td>Mill Creek (trib to Clarion River)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Mill Creek (trib to Sandy Lick Creek)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>North Fork Redbank Creek</td>
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<tr>
<td>Pekin Creek</td>
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<tr>
<td>Rattlesnake Creek</td>
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<tr>
<td>Rattlesnake Run</td>
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<tr>
<td>Redbank Creek</td>
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<td>Sandy Lick Creek</td>
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<tr>
<td>Walburn Run</td>
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<tr>
<td>Wolf Run</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>LYCOMING:</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hoagland Run</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Larrys Creek (first SR 973 bridge upstream of Salladasburg downstream to 0.2 miles downstream Old Forge Road)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Little Bear Creek</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Little Muny Creek (SR 0118 Bridge downstream to confluence with Big Run)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Little Pine Creek</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Loyalsock Creek (county line downstream to SR 0973)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lycoming Creek (confluence with Roaring Branch downstream to confluence with Hoagland Run)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mill Creek (Warrensville) (0.5 mile upstream of T-846 Bridge downstream to SR 2039 Bridge downstream of Warrensville)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Muncy Creek (county line downstream to confluence with Little Muny Creek)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Pleasant Stream</td>
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<tr>
<td>Rock Run (trib to Lycoming Creek)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Spring Creek</td>
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<tr>
<td>White Deer Hole Creek</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>MCKEAN:</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Allegheny River (county line downstream to confluence with Allegheny Portage Creek)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bell Run</td>
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<tr>
<td>Bradford City Number Three Reservoir</td>
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<tr>
<td>Brewer Run</td>
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<tr>
<td>Chappel Fork</td>
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<td>Combs Creek</td>
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<td>East Branch Tionesta Creek</td>
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<td>Havens Run</td>
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<td>Kinzua Creek</td>
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<tr>
<td>Marvin Creek</td>
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<tr>
<td>North Branch Sugar Run</td>
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<td><strong>POTTER:</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Allegheny River (trib to Sandy Lick Creek)</td>
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<td>Laurel Run (trib to East Branch Mahoning Creek)</td>
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<td>Little Sandy Creek</td>
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<td>Little Toby Creek</td>
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<td>Mill Creek (trib to Clarion River)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Mill Creek (trib to Sandy Lick Creek)</td>
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<tr>
<td>North Fork Redbank Creek</td>
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<td>Pekin Creek</td>
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<td>Sandy Lick Creek</td>
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<td>Walburn Run</td>
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<td>Wolf Run</td>
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<td>Hoagland Run</td>
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<tr>
<td>Larrys Creek (first SR 973 bridge upstream of Salladasburg downstream to 0.2 miles downstream Old Forge Road)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Little Bear Creek</td>
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<tr>
<td>Little Muny Creek (SR 0118 Bridge downstream to confluence with Big Run)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Little Pine Creek</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Loyalsock Creek (county line downstream to SR 0973)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lycoming Creek (confluence with Roaring Branch downstream to confluence with Hoagland Run)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mill Creek (Warrensville) (0.5 mile upstream of T-846 Bridge downstream to SR 2039 Bridge downstream of Warrensville)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Muncy Creek (county line downstream to confluence with Little Muny Creek)</td>
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<td>Pleasant Stream</td>
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<tr>
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<td><strong>MCKEAN:</strong></td>
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<td>Bradford City Number Three Reservoir</td>
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<td>Hamlin Lake</td>
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<tr>
<td>Havens Run</td>
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<tr>
<td>Kinzua Creek</td>
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<tr>
<td>Marvin Creek</td>
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<tr>
<td>North Branch Sugar Run</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>TIOGA:</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asaph Run</td>
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<tr>
<td>Corey Creek</td>
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<tr>
<td>Cowanesque River (county line downstream to confluence with Troupes Creek)</td>
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<td>East Branch Stony Fork Long Run (trib to Pine Creek)</td>
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<td>Marsh Creek (SR 3024 downstream to mouth)</td>
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<td>Mill Creek</td>
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<td>Pine Creek</td>
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<tr>
<td>Stony Fork</td>
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<tr>
<td>Tioga River (county line downstream to confluence with Fall Brook)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>UNION:</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>Buffalo Creek (T-366 Bridge downstream to confluence with Rapid Run)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Halfway Lake</td>
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<tr>
<td>Laurel Run</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>North Branch Buffalo Creek</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Penns Creek (downstream extent of the island near the end of Jolly Grove Lane downstream to Creek Road near the intersection of Libby Road)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rapid Run</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spring Creek</td>
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<tr>
<td>Spruce Run</td>
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<tr>
<td>White Deer Creek (from Cooper Mill bridge to mouth)</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>STOCKED TROUT WATERS OPEN TO YEAR-ROUND FISHING:</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cameron:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>George B. Stevenson Reservoir West Creek</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>CLEARFIELD:</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>West Branch Susquehanna River (SR 1001 Bridge near Hyde to first Railroad Bridge downstream of the confluence with Moose Creek)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>West Branch Susquehanna River (confluence with Anderson Creek to SR 2024 (Ravensburg Road) at the old CCC camp)</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>CLINTON:</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fishing Creek – 2.0 miles; from State Game Lands #295 boundary (located 300 yards downstream of the upstream SR 2002 bridge) downstream to a point 1.3 miles upstream of the lower SR 2002 bridge</td>
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<tr>
<td>Rauchtown Creek – 1.12 miles; from the confluence of Rockey Run and Krape Run downstream to the SR 0880 crossing upstream of the Ravensburg St. Park Picnic Area.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Young Womans Creek – 5.7 miles; from the Beechwood Trail downstream to a point .7 mile upstream of the confluence with the Left Branch Young Womans Creek</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>LYCOMING:</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>Grays Run – 2.2 miles; from the Grays Run Hunting Club property line downstream to the concrete bridge on T-842 (Grays Run Road) at the old CCC camp</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>MCFEED:</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>Penns Creek – 7.45 miles; from approximately 600 meters downstream of Swift Run downward to the downstream extent of the island near the end of Jolly Grove Lane</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>POTTER:</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cross Fork – 5.02 miles; from Bear Trap Lodge downstream to the Weed property located 0.2 miles downstream of the T-416 bridge</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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*Section of this Stocked Trout Water is also a Class A Wild Trout Stream—see chart on page 20 for listing.*
**NORTHCENTRAL/NORTHEAST REGIONS**

**UNION:**
Cherry Run – 2.7 miles; from the mouth upstream a distance of 2.7 miles

**CATCH AND RELEASE FLY-FISHING ONLY**

**CAMERON:**
Driftwood Branch Sinnemahoning Creek – 1.55 miles; from the Shippen Township Building downstream to 330 yards upstream of the SR 0120 Bridge near Emporium

**CENTRE:**
Spring Creek (Fisherman’s Paradise) – 1.3 miles; from a point adjacent to the Stackhouse School Pistol Range downstream to the lower Bellefonte Hatchery grounds

**ELK:**
West Branch Clarion River – 0.88 miles; from intersection of SR 219 and SR 4003 upstream to the former Texas Gulf Sulphur property line 0.6 miles upstream of SR 4003 bridge

**JEFFERSON:**
North Fork Redbank Creek – 1.9 miles; from SR 322 in Brookville upstream 1.9 miles, except a 110-yard section from the Brookville Water Authority Dam downstream to the wire across the creek

**LYCOMING/ TIoga:**
Slate Run – 7.13 miles; from the confluence of the Cushman and Francis branches downstream to the mouth

**MIKEAN:**
Marvin Creek – 0.9 miles; from the vicinity of the high voltage line 3 miles south of Smethport downstream for a distance of 0.9 miles

**POTTER:**
Kettle Creek – 1.7 miles; from a sign located 500 feet downstream of the SR 0144 bridge to a sign located 1.7 miles upstream of the lower boundary

**TIoga:**
Francis Branch Tributary to Slate Run – 1.7 miles; from mouth upstream to Kramer Hollow

**UNION:**
White Deer Creek – 3.16 miles; from Cooper Mill Road upstream to Union/Centre County line

**CATCH AND RELEASE ALL TACKLE**

**CLEARFIELD:**
West Branch Susquehanna River (from outflow of AMD treatment plant near Watkins Glen) downstream to confluence of Cush Creek near Dowler Junction

**CENTRE:**
Spring Creek – 16.22 miles; from the Boalsburg Road Bridge (SR 3010) at Oak Hall upstream of Hanson Quarry (formerly HRI/Neidig Bros. Quarry) downstream to the mouth with the exception of special regulations area at Fisherman’s Paradise and the Exhibition Area in Bellefonte

**ELK:**
Clarion River – 8.48 miles; from the confluence of the East and West branches downstream to the Main St. Bridge (SR 948) in Ridgway

**LYCOMING:**
Pine Creek – 2.88 miles; from the confluence with Slate Run downstream to the confluence with Bonnell Run at DCNR Clark Farm Access Area

**POTTER/TIoga:**
Upper Kettle Creek basin – 28.3 miles; Kettle Creek from the headwaters downstream to the confluence with Long Run and all tributaries including Long Run upstream to the headwaters.

**TROPHY TROUT ARTIFICIAL LURES ONLY**

**CENTRE:**
Lick Run – 2.5 miles; from the headwaters to the mouth

**CLINTON:**
Fishing Creek – 1.18 miles; from the private lane bridge at the Tylerstown State Fish Hatchery downstream to the State Game Lands #295 boundary (located 300 yards downstream of the upstream SR 2002 bridge) and 2.1 miles; from a point 1.3 miles downstream of the upper SR 2002 bridge downstream to Fleming’s Bridge (SR 2004) at the Lamar Fish Hatchery

**LYCOMING/TIoga:**
Cedar Run – 7.44 miles; from the confluence with Buck Run downstream to the mouth

**McKEAN:**
East Branch Tunungwant Creek – 3.0 miles; from the confluence with Pigeon Run downstream to the Main Street Bridge in Lewis Run

**DELAYED HARVEST ARTIFICIAL LURES ONLY**

**CENTRE:**
Black Moshannon Creek – 1.3 miles; from Dry Hollow downstream to 0.3 mile downstream of the Huckleberry Road bridge

**CLEARFIELD:**
Little Clearfield Creek – 1.1 miles; from 0.4 miles downstream of the T-584 Bridge downstream to 0.2 mile upstream of the SR 2023 (Turkey Hill) Bridge Sandy Lilly Creek – 1.71 miles; from the mouth of Labarde Branch downstream to the SR 219 bridge

**ELK:**
Big Mill Creek – 1.5 miles; from the confluence of Rocky Run downstream to 0.3 mile downstream of the Allegheny National Forest, Forest Road, 135 Bridge

**East Branch Clarion River – 1.15 miles; from 110 yards downstream of the outflow from East Branch Clarion River Lake downstream to the State Gameland boundary 1.15 miles downstream of the upstream limit

**LYCOMING:**
Little Pine Creek – 1.1 miles; from the confluence of Otter Run downstream to the confluence of Schoolhouse Hollow

**McKEAN:**
Loyalsock Creek – 1.49 miles; from the Lycoming - Sullivan County line downstream to Sandy Bottom

**Regional Opening Day of Trout Season**

**STOCKED TROUT WATERS**

**OPENING DAY: APRIL 13**

**BRADFORD:**
Gaylord Creek
Little Schrader Creek (confluence with Marsh Creek downstream to mouth)
North Branch Sugar Creek (Alparon Park Fairgrounds downstream to mouth)

**CARBON:**
Aquaushicola Creek
Buckwaha Creek
Wysox Creek

**COLUMBIA:**
Beaver Run (Moyers Farm downstream to mouth)
Briar Creek
Fishing Creek (SR 4049 downstream to Light Street)
Huntington Creek (Forks Farm downstream to Twin Bridges Park)
Little Fishing Creek (Talmar Road (SR 4032) downstream to Eyers Grove Road (SR 4021))
Mugser Run
Pipe Creek
Roaring Creek
Scotch Run

**LYCOMING:**
Hickory Run Lake
Lehigh Canal (Long Run Level near Weissport)
Mauch Chunk Creek (outlet Mauch Chunk Lake downstream to upstream face of Lentz Trail (SR 3012) bridge

**NORTHEAST REGION REGULATED TROUT WATERS**

**OPENING DAY: MARCH 30**

These Northeast Region waters flow beyond the counties designated as part of the Regional Opening Day of Trout Season and are included as part of this trout program.

**CARBON:**
Lizard Creek
Mahoning Creek

**Hickory Run Lake**

**Hickory Run Lake**

**Lehigh Canal**

**Mauch Chunk Creek**

**TROPHY TROUT ARTIFICIAL LURES ONLY**

**CENTRE:**
Black Moshannon Creek – 1.3 miles; from Dry Hollow downstream to 0.3 mile downstream of the Huckleberry Road bridge

**CLEARFIELD:**
Little Clearfield Creek – 1.1 miles; from 0.4 miles downstream of the T-584 Bridge downstream to 0.2 mile upstream of the SR 2023 (Turkey Hill) Bridge Sandy Lilly Creek – 1.71 miles; from the mouth of Labarde Branch downstream to the SR 219 bridge

**ELK:**
Big Mill Creek – 1.5 miles; from the confluence of Rocky Run downstream to 0.3 mile downstream of the Allegheny National Forest, Forest Road, 135 Bridge

**East Branch Clarion River – 1.15 miles; from 110 yards downstream of the outflow from East Branch Clarion River downstream to the State Gameland boundary 1.15 miles downstream of the upstream limit

**LYCOMING:**
Little Pine Creek – 1.1 miles; from the confluence of Otter Run downstream to the confluence of Schoolhouse Hollow

**McKEAN:**
Loyalsock Creek – 1.49 miles; from the Lycoming - Sullivan County line downstream to Sandy Bottom

**Regional Opening Day of Trout Season**

**STOCKED TROUT WATERS**

**OPENING DAY: APRIL 13**

**BRADFORD:**
Gaylord Creek
Little Schrader Creek (confluence with Marsh Creek downstream to mouth)
North Branch Sugar Creek (Alparon Park Fairgrounds downstream to mouth)

**CARBON:**
Aquaushicola Creek
Buckwaha Creek
Wysox Creek

**COLUMBIA:**
Beaver Run (Moyers Farm downstream to mouth)
Briar Creek
Fishing Creek (SR 4049 downstream to Light Street)
Huntington Creek (Forks Farm downstream to Twin Bridges Park)
Little Fishing Creek (Talmar Road (SR 4032) downstream to Eyers Grove Road (SR 4021))
Mugser Run
Pipe Creek
Roaring Creek
Scotch Run

**LYCOMING:**
Hickory Run Lake
Lehigh Canal (Long Run Level near Weissport)
Mauch Chunk Creek (outlet Mauch Chunk Lake downstream to upstream face of Lentz Trail (SR 3012) bridge

**NORTHEAST REGION REGULATED TROUT WATERS**

**OPENING DAY: MARCH 30**

These Northeast Region waters flow beyond the counties designated as part of the Regional Opening Day of Trout Season and are included as part of this trout program.

**CARBON:**
Lizard Creek
Mahoning Creek

**Hickory Run Lake**

**Lehigh Canal**

**Mauch Chunk Creek**

**NORTHEAST REGION REGULATED TROUT WATERS**

**OPENING DAY: MARCH 30**

These Northeast Region waters flow beyond the counties designated as part of the Regional Opening Day of Trout Season and are included as part of this trout program.

**CARBON:**
Lizard Creek
Mahoning Creek

**Hickory Run Lake**

**Lehigh Canal**

**Mauch Chunk Creek**

**FOOT NOTE:**

Section of this Stocked Trout Water is also a Class A Wild Trout Stream—see chart on page 20 for listing.

**www.fishandboat.com**
**South Branch Roaring Creek**
West Branch Briar Creek
West Creek

**Lackawanna:**
Aylesworth Creek Lake
Desandis Pond
Eston Wilson Lake
Gardner Creek
Lackawanna River (from Old Stillwater Reservoir downstream to Simpson)
Lehih River
Meri-Samoski
Park Lake
Roaring Brook
South Branch
Tunkhannock Creek
West Branch Wallenpaupack Creek

**Luzerne:**
Big Wapwallopen Creek (Nuangola Road (SR 2042) downstream to county road)
Harvey’s Creek
Kitchen Creek (Shady Hill Road (T-559) downstream to mouth)
Lake Frances
Nescopeck Creek
Pine Creek

**Monroe:**
Broodhead Creek (Cherry Lane Bridge (SR 1002) downstream to SR 0880 Bridge east of Exit 309)
Buckwaha Creek
Bush Kill
Lehih River
McMichael Creek
Pocono Creek
Princess Run
Snow Hill Dam
Tobyhanna Creek
Tobyhanna Lake

**Pike:**
Bush Kill
Decker Brook (SR 0006 Bridge downstream to lower SGL #183 boundary)
Fairview Lake
Lackawaxen River (county line downstream to mouth)
Lake Loch Lomond
Lake Minisink
Lily Pond
Little Bush Kill (lower limit of Lehman Lake club property downstream to upper limit of Bushkill Rod & Gun Club property and Bushkill Falls boundary downstream to mouth)
Little Mud Pond
Lower Lake (Lower Promised Land Lake, including outlet from Upper Lake)
Mashticope Creek (Upper SGL #316 boundary downstream to lower SGL #316 boundary)
Middle Branch Bush Kill
Saw Creek (Bushkill Falls Road (SR 0303) downstream to State Forest boundary downstream of Whittaker Road (T-324))
Shohola Creek (SR 0739 downstream to the SGL #180 ford crossing)
Shohola Creek (from the outlet of Shohola Lake downstream to lower boundary of SGL #180)

**Sullivan:**
Elk Creek
Hoagland Branch (confluence with Porter Creek downstream to mouth)
Kings Creek (intersection of Tall Maple Road (T-395) and SR 4008 downstream to mouth)
Little Loyalsock Creek (SR 0087 Bridge south of Dushore downstream to the confluence with Big Bottom Run)
Loyalsock Creek
Mill Creek (Hillsgrove)
Muncy Creek
North Branch Mehoopany Creek
Schrader Creek
West Branch Fishing Creek

**Susquehanna:**
Canavacata Creek
East Branch Tunkhannock Creek
East Branch Wyalusing Creek
Fall Brook
Gaylord Creek
Horton Creek
Lackawanna River
Marts Creek
Meshoppen Creek
North Branch Wyalusing Creek
Riley Creek
Salt Lick Creek
Silver Creek
Snake Creek
South Branch Canavacata Creek
Starrucca Creek
Tunkhannock Creek
West Branch Meshoppen Creek

**Wayne:**
Dyberry Creek
East Branch Dyberry Creek
Equinunk Creek
Jones Creek
Lackawanna River
Lackawaxen River
Long Pond
Rose Pond Branch
Shehawken Creek
Van Auken Creek
West Branch Dyberry Creek
(drainage from outflow of Prompton Reservoir to mouth)
West Branch Wallenpaupack Creek

**Wyoming:**
Bowman Creek
Horton Creek
Leonard Creek
Martins Creek
Mehoopany Creek
Meshoppen Creek
North Branch Mehoopany Creek
Oxbow Lake
Riley Creek
South Branch Tunkhannock Creek
Tuscara Creek
West Branch Meshoppen Creek (White Creek)

**Stocked Trout Waters Open to Year-Round Fishing:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Location</th>
<th>Distance</th>
<th>Notes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cooks Pond</td>
<td>0.33</td>
<td>upriver from railroad bridge at Glenn Onoko (Mauch Chunk Creek)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Mountain Lake</td>
<td>3.12</td>
<td>from the confluence with Big Bottom Run</td>
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<tr>
<td>Sugar Run</td>
<td>2.17</td>
<td>from the Gilmartin reservation property except 200 yards on each side of the falls</td>
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<tr>
<td>Lehih River</td>
<td>1.74</td>
<td>from the confluence with Big Bottom Run</td>
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<td>Lehavanna Lake</td>
<td>1.76</td>
<td>from the confluence with Big Bottom Run</td>
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<tr>
<td>Loyalsock Creek</td>
<td>1.96</td>
<td>from the confluence with Big Bottom Run</td>
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<tr>
<td>Township Park</td>
<td>2.17</td>
<td>from the Gilmartin reservation property except 200 yards on each side of the falls</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Catch and Release Artificial Lures Only:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Location</th>
<th>Distance</th>
<th>Notes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hickory Run</td>
<td>3.12</td>
<td>from the outlet of Saylorsville Dam downstream to the mouth</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Roaring Brook</td>
<td>3.84</td>
<td>from Hollister dam downstream to Elmhurst Reservoir</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Roaring Brook</td>
<td>2.17</td>
<td>from the Delaware Water Gap National Recreation Area boundary downstream to the mouth</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Catch and Release Fly-Fishing Only:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Location</th>
<th>Distance</th>
<th>Notes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bush Kill</td>
<td>6.1</td>
<td>from the outlet of Saylorsville Dam downstream to the mouth</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Roaring Brook</td>
<td>0.8</td>
<td>from the outlet of Saylorsville Dam downstream to the mouth</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Trophy Trout Artificial Lures Only:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Location</th>
<th>Distance</th>
<th>Notes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Lackawanna River</td>
<td>4.9</td>
<td>from the Gilmartin Street Bridge in Archbald downstream to the Lackawanna Avenue Bridge (SR 3047) in Olyphant. Excepted is a mid-section area extending 7 miles from the Depot Street Bridge in Jessup downstream to the foot bridge in Robert Mellow Park</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Delayed Harvest Artificial Lures Only:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Location</th>
<th>Distance</th>
<th>Notes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Towanda Creek</td>
<td>1.7</td>
<td>from SR 3001 downstream to Con's Road (T-350)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mud Run</td>
<td>2.5</td>
<td>downstream to Hickory Run State Park</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>McMichael Creek</td>
<td>1.66</td>
<td>from a point 0.71 mile downstream of the bridge on Turkey Hill Road (T-416) downstream to Glen Brook Rd. (SR 2004) bridge</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>McMichael Creek</td>
<td>1.66</td>
<td>from a point 0.71 mile downstream of the bridge on Turkey Hill Road (T-416) downstream to Glen Brook Rd. (SR 2004) bridge</td>
</tr>
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FISH CONSUMPTION ADVISORY

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA PUBLIC HEALTH ADVISORY
2019 FISH CONSUMPTION

HEALTH BENEFITS OF EATING FISH
Fish are nutritious and good to eat. Fish are low in fat, high in protein and provide substantial human health benefits. Fish provide valuable vitamins and minerals and beneficial oils that are low in saturated fat. Omega-3 fatty acids found in fish are also beneficial, particularly in terms of cardiovascular health. The Federal Food and Drug Administration (FDA) recommends that consumers eat a balanced diet, choosing a variety of foods including fruits and vegetables, foods that are low in trans fat and saturated fat, as well as foods rich in high fiber grains and nutrients. A diet that includes a variety of fish and shellfish can be an important part of a balanced healthy diet. The U.S. FDA, EPA, the American Heart Association and other nutrition experts recommend eating two meals (12 oz.) of fish per week. Following these advisories means that you should feel comfortable making one of those meals (up to 8 oz.) a recreationally caught Pennsylvania sport fish.

CONTAMINANTS IN FISH
While most recreationally caught sport fish in Pennsylvania are safe to eat, chemicals such as mercury and PCBs have been found in some fish from certain waters. While the levels of these unavoidable chemical contaminants are usually low, they could potentially be a health concern to pregnant and breastfeeding women, women of childbearing age, children and individuals whose diet consists of a high percentage of fish.

Long lasting contaminants such as PCBs, chlordane and mercury build up in your body over time. It may take months or years of regularly eating contaminated fish to build up amounts that are a health concern. Health problems that may result from the contaminants found in fish range from small changes in health that are hard to detect to birth defects and cancer. Mothers who eat highly contaminated fish for many years before becoming pregnant may have children who are slower to develop and learn. The meal advice in this advisory is intended to protect children from these potential developmental problems. Adults are less likely to have health problems at the low levels that affect children. If you follow this advisory over your lifetime, you will minimize your exposure and reduce health risks associated with contaminants in fish.

INTRODUCTION TO FISH CONSUMPTION ADVISORIES
It is important to note that we are not recommending that you stop eating sport caught fish, except where “Do Not Eat” is shown in the advisory listing. When properly prepared, eating fish regularly offers important health benefits as a good choice to replace high fat foods. You will gain those benefits if you follow the sport fish consumption advisory carefully to: choose safer places to fish; pick safer species to eat; trim and cook your catch correctly; and follow the recommended meal frequencies. Using this advice, you will reduce your exposure to possible contaminants.

Consumption advisories provide guidance to individuals or segments of the population that are at greater risk from exposure to contaminants in fish. Advisories are not regulatory standards but are recommendations intended to provide additional information of particular interest to high-risk groups. These advisories apply only to recreationally caught sport fish in Pennsylvania, not commercial fish. The Federal Food and Drug Administration establishes the legal standards for contaminants in food sold commercially, including fish.

STATEWIDE ADVISORY
Pennsylvania has issued a general, statewide health advisory for recreationally caught sport fish. That advice is that you eat no more than one meal (½ pound) per week of sport fish caught in the state’s waterways. This general advice was issued to protect against eating large amounts of fish that have not been tested or that may contain unidentified contaminants.

HOW TO USE THIS ADVISORY
Follow the general, statewide one meal per week advisory to limit your exposure to contaminants. To determine if more protective advice applies to the fish you have caught, find the locations and species of fish you’ve caught in the tables that follow. Find the meal advice for the fish you’ve caught. “Do Not Eat” means no one should eat these fish because of very high contamination. The other groups (“Two meals a Month”, “One Meal a Month”, “One Meal Every Two Months”) are advice for how often to eat a fish meal.

One meal is assumed to be ½ pound of fish (8 oz. before cooking) for a 150-pound person. The meal advice is equally protective for larger people who eat larger meals and smaller people who eat smaller meals.

People who regularly eat sport fish, women of childbearing age and children are particularly susceptible to contaminants that build up over time. If you fall into one of these categories, you should be especially careful to space fish meals out according to the advisory tables that follow. Your body can get rid of some contaminants over time. Spacing the meals out helps prevent the contaminants from building up to harmful levels in the body. For example, if the fish you eat is in the “One Meal a Month Group”, wait a month before eating another meal of fish from any restricted category.

Women beyond their childbearing years and men generally face fewer health risks from these contaminants. However, it is recommended that you also follow the advisory to reduce your total exposure to contaminants. For these groups, it is the total number of meals that you eat during the year that becomes important and many of those meals can be eaten during a few months of the year. If most of the fish you eat are from the “One Meal a Month” category, you should not exceed 12 meals per year.

Sometimes, anglers catch fish with external growths, sores or other lesions. Such abnormalities generally result from viral or bacterial infections and may occasionally be caused by exposure to certain chemical contaminants. The appearance of viral or bacterial infections in fish may be unsightly, but there is no evidence to suggest that these infections pose a threat to consumers of these fish. Whether or not to eat such fish is a matter of personal choice.

CLEANING AND COOKING YOUR FISH
PCBs and most other organic contaminants usually build up in a fish’s fat deposits and just underneath the skin. By removing the skin and fat before cooking, you can reduce the levels of these chemicals. Mercury, however, collects in the fish’s muscle and cannot be reduced by cleaning and cooking methods. To reduce PCBs and other organics:

• Remove all skin.
• Slice off fat belly meat along the bottom of the fish.
• Cut away any fat above the fish’s backbone.
• Cut away the V-shaped wedge of fat along the lateral line on each side of the fish.
• Bake or broil trimmed fish on a rack or grill so some of the remaining fat drips away.
• Discard any drippings. Do not eat them or use them for cooking other foods or in preparing other sauces.

Also remember that larger and older fish tend to collect more contaminants, and fatty fish (such as Channel Catfish, carp and eels) tend to collect PCBs and other organic chemicals. Therefore, eating smaller, younger fish and avoiding fatty species can help limit your exposure. Your exposure depends not only on levels in the fish, but also the amount of fish you eat. The consumption of any fish from contaminated waters is a matter of personal choice.

Trout stocked from Pennsylvania Fish & Boat Commission state fish hatcheries are subject to the blanket one-meal-per-week consumption advisory that applies to recreationally caught sport fish in Pennsylvania. If additional consumption advisories for state fish hatchery trout are appropriate for 2019, they will be announced in February or March 2019.

Snapping Turtle Consumption Advice: Snapping Turtle meat has been found to contain only small amounts of PCBs and is safe to eat without restrictions. Snapping Turtles do retain PCBs in their fat and internal organs. If you choose to eat Snapping Turtles, you can reduce your exposure by carefully trimming away all fat and internal organs and discarding them before cooking the meat or making soup.

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
The advisory listing was current at the time this summary went to press. Fish consumption advisories may have been issued or lifted since that time. Notice of such actions has been released to the public through press releases.

For further information or the most current advice, contact:
PA Department of Environmental Protection: 717-787-9637, website: www.dep.pa.gov.
Questions concerning current advisory listings, waters sampled, sampling methods.
Questions about effects of chemicals on human health.
Questions about effects of chemicals on fisheries, current advisory listings.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Water Body Area Under Advisory</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Meal Frequency</th>
<th>Contaminant</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>DELAWARE RIVER BASIN</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Belmont Lake (Wayne Co.)</td>
<td>Entire lake</td>
<td>Rock Bass</td>
<td>1 meal/month</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beltzville Lake (Bucks State Park) (Carbon Co.)</td>
<td>Entire lake</td>
<td>Walleye</td>
<td>2 meals/month</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brady's Lake (Monroe Co.)</td>
<td>Entire lake</td>
<td>Chain Pickerel</td>
<td>6 meals/year</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Broadhead Creek (Monroe Co.)</td>
<td>Entire lake</td>
<td>Rock Bass</td>
<td>1 meal/month</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bushkill Creek (Monroe &amp; Pike Co.)</td>
<td>Entire basin</td>
<td>American Eel, All suckers</td>
<td>2 meals/month</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chester Creek (Delaware Co.)</td>
<td>Confluence of West Branch Chester Ck. to mouth</td>
<td>Channel Catfish</td>
<td>2 meals/month</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Darby Creek (Delaware &amp; Philadelphia Co.)</td>
<td>Entire basin</td>
<td>Channel Catfish</td>
<td>1 meal/month</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Delaware River</td>
<td>Source to Trenton, NJ-Morrisville, PA bridge</td>
<td>Rock Bass, Walleye over 17”</td>
<td>1 meal/month</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Delaware Estuary, including the tidal portion of all PA tributaries and the Schuylkill River to the Fairmount Dam (Bucks, Philadelphia &amp; Delaware Co.)</td>
<td>Trenton, NJ-Morrisville, PA Bridge to PA/DE border</td>
<td>White Perch, Flathead Catfish, Channel Catfish</td>
<td>1 meal/month</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hickory Lake (Wayne Co.)</td>
<td>Entire lake</td>
<td>Largemouth Bass, Smallmouth Bass</td>
<td>2 meals/month</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lake Misakemozha (Pike Co.)</td>
<td>Entire lake</td>
<td>Yellow Perch</td>
<td>2 meals/month</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lake Towhee (Bucks Co.)</td>
<td>Entire lake</td>
<td>Largemouth Bass</td>
<td>2 meals/month</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lake Wallenpaupack (Pike &amp; Wayne Co.)</td>
<td>Entire lake</td>
<td>Walleye</td>
<td>1 meal/month</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lehigh River (Northampton Co.)</td>
<td>Confluence of Saucon Creek to mouth</td>
<td>Carp, American Eel</td>
<td>1 meal/month</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Little Bushkill Creek (Pike Co.)</td>
<td>Lake Maskenomozha to mouth</td>
<td>American Eel</td>
<td>2 meals/month</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Little Nessamininy Creek (Bucks Co.)</td>
<td>Entire basin</td>
<td>Carp</td>
<td>1 meal/month</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Long Pond (Wayne Co.)</td>
<td>Entire lake</td>
<td>Largemouth Bass</td>
<td>1 meal/month</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Marsh Creek Lake (Chester Co.)</td>
<td>Entire lake</td>
<td>Largemouth Bass</td>
<td>2 meals/month</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Miller Pond (Wayne Co.)</td>
<td>Entire lake</td>
<td>Chain Pickerel, Largemouth Bass</td>
<td>1 meal/month</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Promised Land Lake (Promised Land State Park) (Pike Co.)</td>
<td>Entire lake</td>
<td>Largemouth Bass</td>
<td>2 meals/month</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prompton Reservoir</td>
<td>Entire lake</td>
<td>Largemouth Bass</td>
<td>1 meal/month</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Red Clay Creek (Chester Co.)</td>
<td>Entire basin</td>
<td>All species</td>
<td>3 meals/year</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Schuylkill River (Schuylkill Co.)</td>
<td>Confluence of Mill Creek at Port Carbon to Auburn Dam</td>
<td>Trout</td>
<td>1 meal/month</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Schuylkill River (Schuylkill &amp; Berks Co.)</td>
<td>Confluence of Mahannion Creek at Landingville to Kernsville Dam</td>
<td>Brown Bullhead, All suckers</td>
<td>1 meal/month</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Schuylkill River (Berks Co.)</td>
<td>Kernsville Dam to Maiden Creek</td>
<td>All suckers</td>
<td>1 meal/month</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Schuylkill River (Berks, Chester &amp; Montgomery Co.)</td>
<td>Confluence of Maidien Creek to Black Rock Dam above Phoenixville</td>
<td>All suckers</td>
<td>1 meal/month</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Schuylkill River (Chester, Montgomery &amp; Philadelphia Co.)</td>
<td>Black Rock Dam to Farmount Dam in Philadelphia</td>
<td>Carp, American Eel, All suckers, Channel Catfish, Flathead Catfish, Corbicula (Asian clam)*</td>
<td>1 meal/month</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Schuylkill River (Berks, Chester, Montgomery &amp; Philadelphia Co.)</td>
<td>Confluence of Maiden Creek to Farmount Dam</td>
<td>American Eel</td>
<td>Do Not Eat</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shohola Lake (Pike Co.)</td>
<td>Entire lake</td>
<td>Largemouth Bass</td>
<td>1 meal/month</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Steinerwold Pond (Pike Co.)</td>
<td>Entire pond</td>
<td>Largemouth Bass</td>
<td>2 meals/month</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tobyharina Creek (Carbon &amp; Monroe Co.)</td>
<td>Pocano Lake Dam to mouth</td>
<td>Smallmouth Bass</td>
<td>2 meals/month</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>West Branch Brandywine Creek (Chester Co.)</td>
<td>From business Rt. 30 (Lincoln Highway) in Coalesce to confluence of Buck Run</td>
<td>American Eel</td>
<td>1 meal/month</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>West Branch Schuylkill River (Schuylkill Co.)</td>
<td>Entire basin</td>
<td>Brock Trout</td>
<td>1 meal/month</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White Clay Creek (Chester Co.)</td>
<td>Entire basin</td>
<td>American Eel</td>
<td>2 meals/month</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White Oak Pond Lake (Wayne Co.)</td>
<td>Entire basin</td>
<td>Largemouth Bass</td>
<td>2 meals/month</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>SUSQUEHANNA RIVER BASIN</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beechwood Lake (York Co.)</td>
<td>Entire lake</td>
<td>Largemouth Bass</td>
<td>2 meals/month</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black Moshannon State Park Lake (Centre Co.)</td>
<td>Entire lake</td>
<td>Chain Pickerel</td>
<td>2 meals/month</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bearwallow Pond (Sullivan Co.)</td>
<td>Entire lake</td>
<td>Largemouth Bass, Chain Pickerel</td>
<td>2 meals/month</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chenango River (Broome Co.)</td>
<td>NY/PA border to mouth</td>
<td>Largemouth Bass, Chain Pickerel</td>
<td>2 meals/month</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Conestoga River (Lancaster Co.)</td>
<td>Stackwater to mouth</td>
<td>Smallmouth Bass</td>
<td>1 meal/month</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cowanesque River and Reservoir (Tioga Co.)</td>
<td>Cowanesque River Mouth to PA/NY border</td>
<td>Black Crappie, Yellow Perch, Largemouth Bass</td>
<td>1 meal/month</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>First Fork Sinnemahoning Creek-George B. Stevenson Dam (Sinnemahoning State Park) (Camron &amp; Potter Co.)</td>
<td>Entire lake</td>
<td>Largemouth Bass</td>
<td>2 meals/month</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Francis Slocum Lake (Luzerne Co.)</td>
<td>Entire lake</td>
<td>Largemouth Bass</td>
<td>2 meals/month</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hunters Lake (Sullivan Co.)</td>
<td>Entire lake</td>
<td>Largemouth Bass</td>
<td>2 meals/month</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jacks Creek (Mifflin Co.)</td>
<td>Entire lake</td>
<td>All species</td>
<td>2 meals/month</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kettle Creek (Kettle Creek State Park) (Clinton Co.)</td>
<td>Entire lake</td>
<td>Largemouth Bass, Black Crappie, Yellow Perch</td>
<td>2 meals/month</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kettle Creek (Clinton Co.)</td>
<td>Entire lake</td>
<td>Smallmouth Bass</td>
<td>2 meals/month</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lackawanna Lake (Lackawanna Co.)</td>
<td>Entire lake</td>
<td>Largemouth Bass</td>
<td>2 meals/month</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chain Pickerel (Wayne Co.) (Rockets Glen State Park) (Sullivan and Luzerne Co.)</td>
<td>Entire lake</td>
<td>Yellow Perch</td>
<td>2 meals/month</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lake Mimakoma (Mil Cr.) (Sullivan Co.)</td>
<td>Entire lake</td>
<td>Largemouth Bass</td>
<td>2 meals/month</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lake Winola (Wayne Co.)</td>
<td>Entire lake</td>
<td>Largemouth Bass</td>
<td>2 meals/month</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Canule Lake (Lancaster Co.)</td>
<td>Entire lake</td>
<td>Largemouth Bass</td>
<td>2 meals/month</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lake Luke (Luzerne Co.)</td>
<td>Entire lake</td>
<td>Largemouth Bass</td>
<td>2 meals/month</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Little Pine Creek (Clinton Co.)</td>
<td>Entire basin</td>
<td>Yellow Perch</td>
<td>2 meals/month</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Logan Branch (Centre Co.)</td>
<td>Entire lake</td>
<td>Brown Trout</td>
<td>1 meal/month</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Loges Pond (Sullivan Co.)</td>
<td>Entire lake</td>
<td>Yellow Perch</td>
<td>2 meals/month</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lyman Run Reservoir (Pittsburgh Co.)</td>
<td>Entire lake</td>
<td>Largemouth Bass</td>
<td>1 meal/month</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* The harvest of live mussels and clams in Pennsylvania is prohibited.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Water Body</th>
<th>Area Under Advisory</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Meal Frequency</th>
<th>Contaminant</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Maple Lake (Lackawanna Co.)</td>
<td>Entire lake</td>
<td>Chain Pickerel</td>
<td>2 meals/month</td>
<td>Mercury</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>McWilliams Reservoir (Northumberland and Columbia Co.)</td>
<td>Entire reservoir</td>
<td>Largemouth Bass</td>
<td>2 meals/month</td>
<td>Mercury</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mountain Mud Pond (Merlk-Samski Park)(Lackawanna Co.)</td>
<td>Entire lake</td>
<td>Largemouth Bass</td>
<td>2 meals/month</td>
<td>Mercury</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pine Creek (Tioga Co.)</td>
<td>Confluence of Painters Run to confluence of Fourmile Run near Coltont Point State Park</td>
<td>Smallmouth Bass</td>
<td>2 meals/month</td>
<td>Mercury</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shumans Lake (Loyalsock Creek) (Sullivan Co.)</td>
<td>Entire lake</td>
<td>Chain Pickerel</td>
<td>2 meals/month</td>
<td>Mercury</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Silver Lake (Susquehanna Co.)</td>
<td>Entire lake</td>
<td>Largemouth Bass</td>
<td>2 meals/month</td>
<td>Mercury</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Steven Foster Lake (Bradford Co.)</td>
<td>Entire lake</td>
<td>Largemouth Bass</td>
<td>2 meals/month</td>
<td>Mercury</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sugar Creek (Bradford Co.)</td>
<td>Confluence of Bailey Run to mouth</td>
<td>Smallmouth Bass</td>
<td>2 meals/month</td>
<td>Mercury</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sunfish Pond (Bradford Co.)</td>
<td>Entire pond</td>
<td>Smallmouth Bass, Yellow Perch</td>
<td>2 meals/month</td>
<td>Mercury</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Susquehanna River (Susquehanna Co.)</td>
<td>Entire section in PA from the NY border above Sunnuck Creek to the NY border below Great Bend</td>
<td>Smallmouth Bass, Fatfish</td>
<td>2 meals/month</td>
<td>Mercury</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Susquehanna River (Bradford and Wyoming Co.)</td>
<td>NY border above Sayre to PA Route 92 bridge at Falls</td>
<td>Walleye, Smallmouth Bass</td>
<td>1 meal/month</td>
<td>Mercury</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Susquehanna River (Wyoming, Lackawanna, Luzerne, Columbia, Northumberland and Montour Co.)</td>
<td>PA Route 92 bridge at Falls to confluence with West Branch</td>
<td>Smallmouth Bass</td>
<td>2 meals/month</td>
<td>Mercury</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Susquehanna River (Snyder, Northumberland, Juniata, Perry, Dauphin, Cumberland, York and Lancaster Co.)</td>
<td>West Branch to PA-MD border</td>
<td>Channel Catfish over 20&quot;, Flathead Catfish over 30&quot;</td>
<td>1 meal/month</td>
<td>PCB</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tunkhannock Creek (Ciattara Co.)</td>
<td>Entire Reservoir</td>
<td>Largemouth Bass</td>
<td>2 meals/month</td>
<td>Mercury</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Towanda Creek (Bradford Co.)</td>
<td>Confluence of Schrader Creek to mouth</td>
<td>Smallmouth Bass</td>
<td>2 meals/month</td>
<td>Mercury</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trindle Spring Run (locally Silver Spring Run) (Cumberland Co.)</td>
<td>Silver Spring Meeting House to mouth (approx. 1 mile)</td>
<td>All trout</td>
<td>1 meal/month</td>
<td>PCB</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tunkhannock Creek (Wyoming Co.)</td>
<td>Confluence of South Branch to mouth</td>
<td>Smallmouth Bass</td>
<td>2 meals/month</td>
<td>Mercury</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tuscarora Creek (Juniata Co.)</td>
<td>SR 3008 bridge above Port Royal to mouth</td>
<td>Smallmouth Bass</td>
<td>2 meals/month</td>
<td>Mercury</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>West Branch Susquehanna River (Clintons, Lycoming, Union and Northumberland Co.)</td>
<td>Bald Eagle Creek to confluence with Susquehanna River</td>
<td>Walleye</td>
<td>2 meals/month</td>
<td>Mercury</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White Deer Creek (Clintons, Centre and Union Co.)</td>
<td>Entire basin</td>
<td>Brown Trout</td>
<td>2 meals/month</td>
<td>Mercury</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wyalusing Creek (Bradford Co.)</td>
<td>SR 0706 bridge at Carmontown to mouth</td>
<td>Smallmouth Bass</td>
<td>2 meals/month</td>
<td>Mercury</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yellow Breeches Creek (Cumberland Co.)</td>
<td>SR 3017 bridge at Huntingdale to confluence of Spruce Run</td>
<td>Brown Trout</td>
<td>1 meal/month</td>
<td>PCB</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**OHIO RIVER BASIN**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Water Body</th>
<th>Area Under Advisory</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Meal Frequency</th>
<th>Contaminant</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Allegheny River (McKean Co.)</td>
<td>Confluence of Potato Creek to PANY border</td>
<td>Smallmouth Bass</td>
<td>1 meal/month</td>
<td>Mercury</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Allegheny Res. (Warren and McKean Co.)</td>
<td>Entire lake</td>
<td>Smallmouth Bass</td>
<td>2 meals/month</td>
<td>Mercury</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Allegheny River (Warren, Forest &amp; Venango Co.)</td>
<td>Kinzua Dam to confluence of Witherup Run at St. George</td>
<td>Smallmouth Bass, Walleye</td>
<td>2 meals/month</td>
<td>Mercury</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Allegheny River (Armstrong Co.)</td>
<td>Pool 6 - Lock &amp; Dam 7 to Lock 6</td>
<td>Carp</td>
<td>1 meal/month</td>
<td>PCB</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Allegheny River (Armstrong Co.)</td>
<td>Pool 5 - Lock &amp; Dam 6 to Lock 5</td>
<td>Carp, Channel Catfish</td>
<td>1 meal/month</td>
<td>PCB</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Allegheny River (Armstrong &amp; Allegheny Co.)</td>
<td>Pool 4 - Lock &amp; Dam 5 to Lock 4</td>
<td>Carp, Channel Catfish</td>
<td>1 meal/month</td>
<td>PCB</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Allegheny River (Allegheny Co.)</td>
<td>Pool 3 - Lock &amp; Dam 4 to Lock 3</td>
<td>Carp, Channel Catfish</td>
<td>1 meal/month</td>
<td>PCB</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Allegheny River (Allegheny Co.)</td>
<td>Pool 2 - Lock &amp; Dam 3 to Lock 2</td>
<td>Carp, Channel Catfish</td>
<td>1 meal/month</td>
<td>PCB</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Allegheny River (Allegheny Co.)</td>
<td>Lock &amp; Dam 2 to Montgomery Lock &amp; Dam on the Ohio River</td>
<td>See Ohio River (Allegheny &amp; Beaver Co.)</td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beaver River (Lawrence &amp; Beaver Co.)</td>
<td>Conf. of Mahoning and Shenango Rivers to mouth</td>
<td>Carp</td>
<td>Do Not Eat</td>
<td>PCB</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beaver Run Reservoir (Westmoreland Co.)</td>
<td>Entire lake</td>
<td>Largemouth Bass, Channel Catfish</td>
<td>1 meal/month</td>
<td>PCB</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brokenstraw Creek (Warren Co.)</td>
<td>Confluence of Hare Creek to mouth</td>
<td>All suckers, Smallmouth Bass</td>
<td>2 meals/month</td>
<td>Mercury</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chapman Dam Reservoir (Warren Co.)</td>
<td>Entire lake</td>
<td>Largemouth Bass</td>
<td>2 meals/month</td>
<td>Mercury</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Charters Creek and Little Charters Creek (Allegheny &amp; Washington Co.)</td>
<td>Charters Creek - Canonsburg to mouth L. Charters Creek - Canonsburg Lake Dam to mouth</td>
<td>Largemouth Bass</td>
<td>1 meal/month</td>
<td>PCB</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clarion River (Clarion Co.)</td>
<td>Confl. of Canoe Creek above Callensburg to confl. of Turkey Run</td>
<td>Walleye</td>
<td>2 meals/month</td>
<td>Mercury</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clarion River (Clarion, Clearfield &amp; Elk Co.)</td>
<td>Basin upstream of Piney Dam</td>
<td>Smallmouth Bass</td>
<td>2 meals/month</td>
<td>Mercury</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Conemaugh R. (Indiana &amp; Westmoreland Co.)</td>
<td>Conemaugh Lake Dam to mouth</td>
<td>Carp</td>
<td>1 meal/month</td>
<td>PCB</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Conewango Creek (Warren Co.)</td>
<td>NYPA border to mouth</td>
<td>Smallmouth Bass</td>
<td>2 meals/month</td>
<td>Mercury</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Conneaut Lake (Crawford Co.)</td>
<td>Entire lake</td>
<td>Largemouth Bass</td>
<td>2 meals/month</td>
<td>Mercury</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crystal Lake (Crawford Co.)</td>
<td>Entire lake</td>
<td>Northern Pike</td>
<td>1 meal/month</td>
<td>Mercury</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dunkard Creek (Greene Co.)</td>
<td>Confluence of Toms Run to confluence of Roberts Run</td>
<td>Largemouth Bass</td>
<td>2 meals/month</td>
<td>Mercury</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>East Branch Lake (E. Br. Clarion R.) (Elk Co.)</td>
<td>Entire lake</td>
<td>Largemouth Bass</td>
<td>2 meals/month</td>
<td>Mercury</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eaton Reservoir (Erie Co.)</td>
<td>Entire lake</td>
<td>Largemouth Bass, Walleye</td>
<td>2 meals/month</td>
<td>Mercury</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Edinboro Lake (Erie Co.)</td>
<td>Entire lake</td>
<td>Largemouth Bass</td>
<td>2 meals/month</td>
<td>Mercury</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>French Creek (Erie, Crawford, Mercer &amp; Venango Co.)</td>
<td>Entire mainstem</td>
<td>Smallmouth Bass, Walleye</td>
<td>2 meals/month</td>
<td>Mercury</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Justus Lake (Venango Co.)</td>
<td>Entire lake</td>
<td>Smallmouth Bass, Largemouth Bass</td>
<td>2 meals/month</td>
<td>Mercury</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lake Canadahga (Crawford Co.)</td>
<td>Entire lake</td>
<td>Largemouth Bass, Walleye</td>
<td>2 meals/month</td>
<td>Mercury</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lake Leboeuf (Erie Co.)</td>
<td>Entire lake</td>
<td>Muskie/Lunge</td>
<td>1 meal/month</td>
<td>Mercury</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lake Pleasant (Erie Co.)</td>
<td>Entire lake</td>
<td>Largemouth Bass</td>
<td>1 meal/month</td>
<td>Mercury</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mahoning River (Lawrence Co.)</td>
<td>Entire portion in PA</td>
<td>Carp</td>
<td>3 meals/year</td>
<td>PCB</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
FISH CONSUMPTION ADVISORY

Water Body | Area Under Advisory | Species | Meal Frequency | Contaminant
--- | --- | --- | --- | ---
Monongahela River (Fayette & Greene Co.) | Point Marion Lock & Dam to Maxwell Locks & Dam | Carp | 1 meal/month | PCB
Monongahela River (Fayette & Washington Co.) | Pool 4 - Maxwell Locks & Dam to Locks & Dam 4 | Carp | 1 meal/month | PCB
Monongahela River (Allegheny, Washington & Westmoreland Co.) | Pool 3 - Locks & Dam 4 to Locks & Dam 3 | Carp | 1 meal/month | PCB
Monongahela River (Allegheny Co.) | Pool 2 (Braedock Pool)-Locks & Dam 3 to Locks & Dam 2 | Carp | 1 meal/month | PCB
Ohio River (Allegheny and Beaver Co.) | From the Locks & Dam 2 on the Monongahela River and Locks & Dam 2 on the Allegheny River to the Montgomery Locks & Dam on the Ohio River | Freswater Drum, Spotted Bass, Largemouth Bass, Black Crappie, Smallmouth Bass, White Crappie Sauger, Walleye | 1 meal/month | PCB
Ohio River (Beaver Co.) | From Montgomery Locks & Dam to the state border. | Channel Catfish under 18", Carp, Channel Catfish over 18", All suckers, Flathead Catfish, Black Crappie, White Crappie Largemouth Bass, Spotted Bass, Smallmouth Bass, Sauger, Walleye, Freshwater Drum | 1 meal/month | PCB
Ohio River (Beaver Co.) | | Channel Catfish under 18", Carp, Hybrid Striped Bass, White Bass | 6 meals/year | PCB
Oil Creek (Venango Co.) | SR 1004 bridge at Petroleum Center to mouth | Smallmouth Bass | 2 meals/month | Mercury
Shenango River (Mercer & Lawrence Co.) | Pymatuning Dam to Shenango Reservoir | Channel Catfish | 2 meals/month | Mercury
Shenango River (Mercer & Lawrence Co.) | Shenango Reservoir Dam to mouth | All species | Do Not Eat | PCB
Sugar Lake (Crawford Co.) | Entire lake | Muskellunge | 2 meals/month | Mercury
Tamarack Lake (Crawford Co.) | Entire lake | Walleye | 2 meals/month | Mercury
Tionesta Creek (Warren and Forest Co.) | SR 0666 bridge at Henny Mills to Tionesta Res. Dam | Smallmouth Bass, All suckers | 2 meals/month | Mercury
Tionesta Reservoir (Forest Co.) | Entire lake | Smallmouth Bass | 2 meals/month | Mercury
Traverse Creek (Beaver Co.) | Source to dam in Raccoon State Park | Largemouth Bass | 2 meals/month | Mercury
Tunungwa Creek (McKean Co.) | Confluence of East and West branches to PA/NY border | Carp, All suckers | 2 meals/month | Mercury
Union City Reservoir (Erie Co.) | Entire lake | Largemouth Bass | 2 meals/month | Mercury
West Branch Caldwell Creek (Warren Co.) | Entire basin | Brown Trout | 2 meals/month | Mercury
Youghiogheny River (Fayette/Somerset Co.) | Entire lake | Smallmouth Bass | 2 meals/month | Mercury
Youghiogheny River (Fayette/Somerset Co.) | Youghiogheny Lake Dam to confluence of Lick Run | Smallmouth Bass | 2 meals/month | Mercury

LAKE ERIE BASIN

Water Body | Area Under Advisory | Species | Meal Frequency | Contaminant
--- | --- | --- | --- | ---
Lake Erie (Erie Co.) | Open waters | Walleye, Coho Salmon*, Steelhead* (Rainbow Trout), Brown Trout*, Smallmouth Bass, White Perch, White Bass, Lake Whitefish, Carp under 20", Freshwater Drum, Lake Trout under 30" and Channel Catfish | 1 meal/month | PCB
Lake Erie (Erie Co.) | Carp over 20", Lake Trout over 30" | Carp | Do Not Eat | PCB
Lake Erie (Erie Co.) | Presque Isle Bay | Smallmouth Bass, Northern Pike, White Perch, Freshwater Drum, Bowfin, Carp, Coho Salmon* and Steelhead* (Rainbow Trout), Brown Trout* | 1 meal/month | PCB
Conneaut Creek (Erie Co.) | SR 0215 bridge to PA/OH border | Smallmouth Bass | 2 meals/month | Mercury

* Salmon and trout are migratory. They may be found seasonally in Presque Isle Bay or Lake Erie tributary streams. Trout, salmon and other fish, whether caught in the lake or tributaries, should be treated as Lake Erie fish.

POTOMAC RIVER BASIN

There are currently no advisories for the Potomac River Basin. However, the statewide advisory of 1 meal per week does apply to all waters throughout the Commonwealth, including the Potomac River Basin.

Recognizing and Reporting POLLUTION or DISTURBANCE of Waterways

POLLUTION or DISTURBANCE of any waterway or watershed is a serious violation of the Pennsylvania Fish and Boat Code that must be recognized and reported to a Pennsylvania Fish & Boat Commission region law enforcement office. The law provides for criminal penalties for pollution or disturbances.

POLLUTION is an introduction into any waterway of anything that “might” harm or kill fish. Examples of “pollutants” are: Electricity, explosives, sediment runoff, sewage, insecticides, poisons, high volumes of extremely hot water, liquid concrete or cement, paint, chemicals, petroleum products like gasoline or oil, brine runoff from gas or water well drilling and manufacturing waste. Common pollution indicators include: Dead fish including crayfish, frogs and any other types of aquatic life; strange odors like manure, sewage or chemicals; muddy, cloudy or discolored water; shiny, oily sheen on water’s surface; foamy material floating on the surface; and extremely muddy water. DISTURBANCE of waterways or watersheds includes any alteration of a waterway, its banks, bed or fish habitat that “might” cause damage to or kill fish. Common disturbance indicators are: Removal of gravel from stream beds; earth-moving in or along a waterway; dragging logs across stream banks and through stream beds; installing pipes or culverts; building or installing bridges; making roadways through or along a stream; draining a waterway, wetland or watershed; or changing the channel flow of a waterway. Various types of permits are required for any such work.

If you see anything suspected to be a pollution or disturbance of any waterway, regardless of how seemingly insignificant, report it immediately by calling the local Pennsylvania Fish & Boat Commission region law enforcement office on page 3 of this publication or the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection at 1-800-541-2050 (24 hours a day, 7 days a week).
Pennsylvania’s Best Fishing Waters is a program established by the Commission, using the expertise and knowledge of its fisheries biologists, to highlight statewide locations for different categories of fish to assist anglers in knowing the prime fishing hotspots. Confirmed by survey catch rates and the availability of public access, the program waters offered are provided to help increase anglers’ success and convenient access to this information. You deserve the best!

2019 Mentored Youth Trout Days: March 23 (regional) and April 6 (statewide)
Take part in the Commission’s Mentored Youth Trout Days. Youth under the age of 16 can join a mentor (adult) angler who has a current fishing license and trout permit to fish on Saturday, March 23 on stocked trout waters within the 18 southeastern regional counties for regional trout season and to fish stocked trout waters in the other counties on Saturday, April 6. Youth anglers must obtain a Mentored Youth Fishing Permit or Voluntary Youth Fishing License from the Commission. For more information, visit: www.fishandboat.com/mentoredyouth.htm

Family Fishing Programs are educational programs designed for families with little or no fishing experience. Families will learn basic fishing skills and have an opportunity to practice those skills while fishing together during the program. In addition to family fishing, there are specialized programs for family ice fishing, family fly-fishing and a SMART angler program for youth between the ages of 8 and 12. For a current listing of scheduled programs, visit: www.GoneFishingPa.com

Fish-For-Free Days May 26 & July 4, 2019
No fishing license is needed to fish on either of these days. It’s a great way to introduce someone to the world of fishing. Check the Commission’s website for events. Remember that all other regulations apply.

Made possible by Pennsylvania’s Best Fishing Waters
Protect • Conserve • Enhance www.PaBestFishing.com

HOW TO MEASURE A FISH

Close mouth to measure
Tail slightly compressed
Tail in natural position

Fork length: Not used in Pennsylvania.
Total length: This is the measurement Commission biologists and law enforcement personnel use. Compress tail slightly to obtain this measurement.

This booklet is a summary of the laws and regulations applicable to fish and fishing in Pennsylvania in effect or proposed as of October 1, 2018. It is not, nor is it intended to portray, a verbatim reproduction of the text of the laws and regulations. Users are advised that regulations summarized in this book are subject to changes, which, as made, are printed in the Pennsylvania Bulletin. Official text is found in 58 Pa. Code and online at: www.pacode.com. For detailed and up-to-date information, contact the nearest office of the Pennsylvania Fish & Boat Commission.

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ALWAYS WEAR YOUR LIFE JACKET WHILE BOATING.

Some 80% of boating fatalities happen to boaters who are not wearing a life jacket.

www.WearItPennsylvania.com

For trout stocking information, visit:
www.fishandboat.com/stocking
Voluntary Permits are designed to help maintain funding levels for several key fishing-related programs. Revenues generated from the sale of these permits will be reinvested into the Habitat/Waterways Conservation, Musky, Wild Trout & Enhanced Waters or Bass programs (see page 5). The Wild Trout & Enhanced Waters Permit does not meet the requirement to fish for trout or salmon in Pennsylvania waters.